





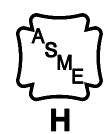
Frontier® Boilers

EK1 Frontier and EK2 Frontier
INSTALLATION & SERVICE MANUAL
GAS HEAT EDITION



Energy Kinetics, Inc.

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ASME certified by EKI. Certificate plate is under the jacket on the steel vessel.

CSA 4.9-2005 Low-Press Boiler

MH27877

ANSI Z21.13-2005

GAS-FIRED

INSTALLER: PLEASE HANG THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND ACCESSORY INSTRUCTIONS VISIBLY

NEXT TO THE BOILER USING THE SUPPLIED POUCH.

CONSUMER: PLEASE RETAIN THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND ACCESSORY INSTRUCTIONS FOR

FUTURE REFERENCE.

PLEASE READ THIS FIRST

Special Attention Flags

Please pay particular attention to the following flags when you see them throughout this manual.

DANGER: Notifies you of hazards that **WILL** cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage. **WARNING:** Notifies you of hazards that **CAN** cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

CAUTION: Notifies you of hazards that **WILL or CAN** cause minor personal injury or property damage.

NOTICE: Notifies you of special instructions on installation, operation, or maintenance that are important, but not

normally related to injury or property damage hazards.

WARNING:

If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result, causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

WARNING:

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas appliance.

Provide unobstructed combustion air openings sized and located per boiler manual and applicable codes.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from an outside phone.
- Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

WARNING:

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

Retain this manual for use by your qualified service technician only. Should you observe unusual or abnormal operation of the burner or boiler, contact your qualified service technician immediately. Do not attempt to service or repair this product yourself.

WARNING:

Have the burner/boiler started up and serviced at least once annually by a qualified service technician. Professional care is necessary to properly service your equipment and verify it is operating reliably. Failure to properly maintain the equipment could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

WARNING:

You must keep the area around the burner/boiler free from the following. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage due to potential fire, explosion or equipment damage from corrosive flue products.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors or liquids near or in the same room as the burner.
- Do not use or store laundry products, paint, varnish, thinner or other such chemicals near or in the same room as the burner/boiler. These chemicals cause creation of acids in the burner, heat exchanger and vent system that can cause severe damage.
- Do not store combustible materials near or in the same room as the burner/boiler.

GENERAL CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Please read through the information provided for you in this manual. Ask your qualified service technician to explain normal operation of your equipment.
Daily inspect the space around the burner/boiler to verify the area is clean and free of the materials listed above.
Periodically watch the operation of your burner/boiler through an operating cycle to verify normal operation. If you notice unusual conditions or equipment behavior, contact your qualified service technician. Follow the instructions on the next page to shut down the burner/boiler while waiting for the technician.

WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury (exposure to hazardous materials) or loss of life. Refer to the user's information manual provided with this boiler. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier (who must read and follow the supplied instructions before installing, servicing, or removing this boiler. This boiler contains materials that have been identified as carcinogenic, or possibly carcinogenic, to humans).

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

WARNING:

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This burner does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- B. Before OPERATING, smell all around the boiler area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor. See below.

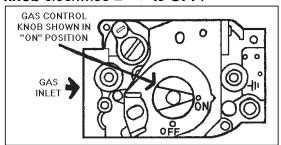
WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

- C. Use only your hand to turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this boiler if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the boiler and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control, which has been under water.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. **STOP!** Read the safety information above.
- 2. Set the thermostat(s) to their lowest setting.
- 3. Turn off all electrical power to the burner/boiler.
- 4. This burner is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner.
- 5. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- Turn Gas control knob clockwise to OFF.



- 7. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, **STOP!** Follow the safety information above. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
- 8. Turn **Gas control knob** counterclockwise **to ON**.
- 9. Set thermostat(s) to desired setting.
- 10. Turn on all electric power to the burner and boiler.
- 11. If the burner/boiler will not operate, follow the instructions "TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE BURNER" below and call your service technician or gas supplier.

TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE BURNER

- 1. Set thermostat(s) to their lowest setting.
- 2. Turn off all electric power to the burner and boiler if service is to be performed.
- 3. Turn **Gas control knob** clockwise to **OFF**. Do not force.

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INSTALLER NAME: _	
INSTALLER ADDRESS:	
INSTALLER CITY, STATE:	
DATE INSTALLED:	
NOTES:	

SCOPE

This manual covers the Energy Kinetics System 2000 Frontier Boiler. The boiler is designed and equipped and has been tested to generate hot water in a low pressure closed loop system. The boiler is a major component of a closed loop system that can be used as a heat source for hydronic, radiant, domestic hot water, spa, and/or pool heating systems. Call Energy Kinetics to obtain piping and wiring instructions for applications, such as hydronic heating, radiant heating, domestic hot water, swimming pool heating, multiple boilers, injection loops, etc. The installer of the system is responsible for the final design of the system and for adding the balance of the needed parts to complete the system.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

When the boiler is installed within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

- This product must be installed by a licensed plumber
- If antifreeze is used, a reduced pressure backflow preventer device shall be used.

INSTALLER NOTE:

ALL INSTALLATIONS MUST BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL NATIONAL, STATE AND LOCAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND ELECTRICAL CODES THAT MAY DIFFER FROM THIS MANUAL AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CODES, AS APPLICABLE:

N.F.P.A. No. 70: National Electrical Code

Canadian Electrical Code, Part I

A.N.S.I. / N.F.P.A. No. 211: Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents and Solid Fuel Burning Appliances

A.N.S.I. Z223.1 / N.F.P.A. No. 54: National Fuel Gas Code

If this gas fired boiler is converted to oil fired by field mounting a listed oil burner, then install in accordance with A.N.S.I. / N.F.P.A. No. 31: Installation of Oil Burning Equipment

These codes are available from:

National Fire Protection Association

1 Batterymarch Park

Quincy, MA 02269-9101.

A hot water boiler installed above radiation level or as required by the Authority having jurisdiction, must be provided with a low water cutoff device.

A boiler should be installed in such a manner that, if the pressure vessel or any connection thereto should leak, the resulting flow of water will not cause damage to the area in which it is installed.

A hot water storage tank should be installed in such a manner that, if the storage tank or any connection thereto should leak, the resulting flow of water will not cause damage to the area in which it is installed.

A boiler's pressure relief valve, hot water storage tank T&P relief valve, backflow preventer, and all other devices must be piped to the nearest drain to avoid damage in the event the valve is actuated.

Make sure relief discharge pipes from all reliefs are properly placed to safely contain discharge. Make sure relief discharge pipes, such as from a boiler or a hot water storage tank, will safely contain hot water and/or boiling water. Make sure relief discharge pipes, such as from a boiler or a radiant heating system, will safely contain water treated with boiler chemicals and/or antifreeze. Reliefs include the boiler pressure relief valve, the back flow preventer discharge port, and the domestic hot water tank temperature and pressure relief valve. Any other reliefs, such as from radiant heating systems, must also follow these guidelines.

SYSTEM 2000® FRONTIER BOILER

IMPORTANT MESSAGE TO HOMEOWNER: These instructions should be carefully read and kept for future reference to gain the best performance from your System 2000 Frontier boiler.

CONGRATULATIONS ON YOUR PURCHASE OF THE SYSTEM 2000 BOILER with its highly efficient low mass hydronic heat exchanger, the Energy Converter. It is the product of years of engineering and advanced design, which brings together in a single system all elements needed to provide efficient home heat. This operation and maintenance information has been prepared so that you may better understand and use your **Energy Kinetics Frontier Boiler and Heating System**.

SYSTEM 2000® BOILER - PRINCIPLE of OPERATION

SYSTEM 2000 comprises a heat source, the energy converter, circulating water and five (or more) zones controlled by an electronic control, the **Digital Manager**.

The Boiler sits cold until a thermostat calls for heat. The Digital Manager receives the call for heat and turns on the main circulator and burner. Water circulates within the boiler as it warms up to operating temperature. When ready, the zone valves open and deliver heat to the zones calling for heat. When the thermostats are satisfied, the Digital Manager turns off the burner and enters the energy recovery stage. The circulator and zone valve stay energized to deliver the heat remaining in the boiler to your home.

When energy recovery is complete and the Boiler has been cooled off, the Digital Manager turns off the system and waits for another thermostat (or tank aquastat) to call for heat. **SYSTEM 2000** runs the burner only when you need heat and delivers that heat only where you need heat.

The System 2000 Energy Converter is the product of advanced thermal engineering. It is designed with two separate passageways, nearly 10 feet long, coiled around each other. Water travels along one passageway from your home toward the center of the unit and heated gases travel from the unit center toward the chimney. This is a "forced circulation counterflow" design and it provides very efficient transfer of heat from the burning fuel to the circulating water. The superior insulation of the boiler minimizes heat losses to the surroundings, resulting in directing heat to your home in an efficient and quiet manner.

SYSTEM 2000 has an extremely high annual efficiency (over 99% of steady state) because it runs only when your home needs heat. Energy recovery is completed at the end of each heat call, virtually eliminating off cycle losses.

Your System 2000 holds a minimal quantity of water so it begins to supply heat in about 90 seconds. This rapid response means that your rooms can be heated quickly to temperature. The System 2000 EK-1 Frontier can heat water up to 100,000 BTU's per hour and the EK-2 Frontier up to 200,000 BTU/hr.

A modern power burner fires into the center of System 2000 where a high temperature, light weight ceramic chamber provides ideal conditions for "near perfect" efficient, pollution-free combustion. Your System 2000 is tightly sealed so all products of combustion pass only to the chimney.

The **FRONTIER** Boiler is designed with a hinged front cover that allows access to the inside of the boiler for inspection and cleaning. All access for service is from the front, so the FRONTIER Boiler can be placed directly against a wall or into a closet.

DIGITAL MANAGER - PRINCIPLE of OPERATION

The left side of the Manager is the input side, which provides 24-volt power supply and connections for thermostats. The right side is the output side, which starts the burner, circulator and zone valves or zone circulators. See photo of the Manager on the cover.

Lights on the Digital Manager indicate what is calling for heat (left side) and (right side) lights indicate active zone(s), burner operation and circulator operation. These function lights are an aid in servicing. The following is a typical cycle.

- 1. **SYSTEM WAITING FOR A CALL:** The boiler is turned off and sits cold, waiting until a call for heat. The blue power light on the Manager is on.
- 2. CALL FOR HEAT: A room thermostat call starts the cycle. The thermostat light on the left side will turn on for that zone.
- 3. **PRE-HEAT**: Output lights for the main circulator and burner turn on, the circulator starts, and the burner begins firing. The boiler water circulates through the energy converter via the bypass line, heating up the water.
- 4. **HEAT**: Once the boiler water has heated up to 150° F (about 90 seconds), the Manager will turn on the zone output light on the right side. The zone valve will open and hot water will flow to the zone needing heat. The burner runs as long as there is a thermostat calling and as long as heat is being delivered to the zone. The burner may shut off if the return temperature exceeds 170° F/190° F (RED burner light turns off) or if the high limit temperature is exceeded (RED burner light stays on, but the high limit aquastat shuts the burner off).
- 5. **ANOTHER CALL FOR HEAT:** If another zone calls for heat while the burner is already running and the return temperature is above 150° F, the zone output will turn on, immediately supplying heat to the zone.

- 6. **MONITOR RETURN TEMPERATURE:** The Manager continually senses the return temperature and will turn off the zone outputs if the return temperature drops below 120° F (130° F if Option Switch #1 is ON). With the zone outputs closed, the boiler water will quickly reheat and once the return temperature reaches 140° F (150° F if Option Switch #1 is ON), then the Manager will reopen the zone valves.
- 7. **THERMOSTAT (or Aquastat) SATISFIED**: The thermostat light on the left side will go out. The burner light and the burner will then turn off.
- 8. **ENERGY RECOVERY**: The circulator and zone valve remain energized. The circulating water will remove the energy from the converter, sending the heat to the last zone that called. The energy recovery stage continues until the return temperature has dropped sufficiently or until maximum timing has been reached. The boiler is now sitting cold, waiting for the next call for heat. Maximum timing for heat recovery stage is usually set at twenty minutes for space heating zones and is fixed at five minutes for Zone HW. (See Digital Manager Option Switch Settings).

RECEIVING and UNPACKING

Inspect shipment upon receipt for external damage. When unpacking and uncrating, inspect each item for internal damage. Any damage found should immediately be reported to the freight carrier <u>before</u> installation. The receiver is responsible for following the claims procedure of the freight carrier. The freight carrier is responsible for taking prompt action on all claims. If freight cannot be inspected at the time of delivery, sign the bill of lading "Subject to Inspection" and inspect the shipment as soon as possible after receipt. Replacements for parts damaged in shipment are available upon receipt of a signed copy of a claim report (concealed damage claims should be filed immediately against the freight carrier by the consignee).

After unpacking, check each item against the packing list. Inspect it thoroughly for loose parts, instruction sheets and packing lists. Immediately report any missing items. It is wise to complete the installation before discarding packing material. Store all parts where they will not be damaged or lost during installation.

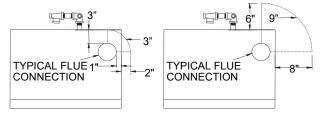
LOCATION and CLEARANCE

DANGER: Provide clearance to combustible surfaces in accordance with all local and national codes. Follow National Fire Protection Association Bulletin NFPA Installation of Gas Burning Equipment and all applicable codes.

Installation Clearances from Boiler Surfaces, Inches	Clearance to Combustibles	Clearance for Service
Front of boiler	15 1/2	20
Left side of boiler body	0	0
Right side of boiler body	0	0
Back of boiler body	4	4
Top of boiler body	16	16
Bottom of boiler legs to floor	0	16*
B-Vent (gas only): from flue pipe	3	3
L-Vent: from flue pipe	3	3
Standard Flue: from flue pipe	9	9

^{*}Minimum recommended clearance to allow the door to fully open.

Figure 1A. Top View of Boiler - Flue Connection Clearance to Combustibles



(A) L-VENT OR PELLET VENT	(B) STANDARD VENT PIPE
---------------------------	------------------------

Boiler Weight and Water Content						
Model	EK-1 Frontier	EK-2 Frontier				
Weight	270 lbs	350 lbs				
Water Content	2-1/2 gallons	4 gallons				
Air Inlet Pipe Size	2 "	3 "				
Boiler Flue Outlet	4 "	6 "				

CLEARANCE for CLEANING and SERVICE

Installations should utilize one of Energy Kinetics boiler stands to provide a solid, level, and smooth foundation for the boiler. **NOTICE:** Do not install on carpeting. Place the unit as near to the chimney or vent as possible <u>allowing clearance for front cleaning and service as shown in Figure 1B</u>. If not using an Energy Kinetics supplied stand, provide a solid, level, smooth, foundation with clearance for door opening and service. **NOTICE:** The stand must be **level** to allow for proper venting of air from the boiler. The Frontier is manufactured with the BACK of the boiler *higher* than the front to assist in air removal.

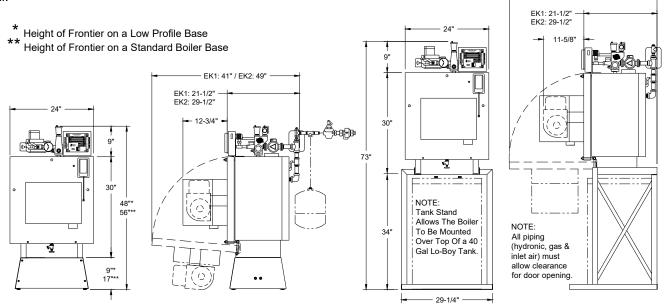


Figure 1B - Boiler Clearance for Clearing and Service

COMBUSTION AIR

The System 2000 Boiler must be installed in an area where adequate fresh air is available to support combustion. The Frontier is provided with a sealed Air Box that can be piped to air outside the building. Piping of outside air directly to the boiler is highly recommended because it completely isolates the boiler from the home environment, as well as greatly reducing operating noise from the boiler.

Boiler with outside air piping: In modern houses with tight construction the connection of the Air Box to an outside air source to provide combustion air is highly recommended. The outside air source must be located high enough above grade to be at least 12" above expected snow accumulation.

WARNING: For systems with sidewall venting, combustion air piping from outside the building is **required**. The Energy Kinetics sidewall vent kit contains specific instructions for installation that must be followed. Combustion air may be supplied through PVC pipe. For EK-1 use, 2" pipe up to 20 feet in length with up to (5) 90-degree elbows. For EK-2 use, 3" pipe up to 20 feet in length with up to (5) 90-degree elbows. A total equivalent length of 45 feet is allowed. Each 90-degree elbow is the equivalent of 5 feet of straight pipe. For example, if three 90-degree elbows are used, then the length of pipe run may increase to 35 feet. An unglued or Tek-screw joint allows the door to swing down when the air inlet pipe is disconnected.

WARNING: Modern buildings of tight construction, as well as the operation of attic and exhaust fans, kitchen ventilation systems, clothes dryers or fireplaces may create conditions of unsatisfactory combustion or venting. Provisions must be made to use <u>combustion air that communicates with a well-ventilated attic or with the outdoors</u> (such as using a louver or grate). The opening should have a free area of not less than one (1) square inch per 4,000 BTU per hour of the total input rating.

Boiler without outside air piping:

WARNING: The confined space shall be provided with two permanent openings, one near the top of the enclosure and one near the bottom. Each opening shall have a free area of not less than one square inch per 1,000 BTU per hour of the total input rating of all appliances in the enclosure, freely communicating with interior areas <u>having adequate infiltration from the outside.</u>

VENTING

When connecting the Gas Heat version of the Energy Kinetics SYSTEM 2000 boiler to gas vents or chimneys, all vent installations shall be in accordance with Part 7, Venting of Equipment, of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, or Section 7, Venting Systems and Air Supply for Appliances, of the CAN/CGA B149, Installation Codes, or applicable provisions of the local Building Codes. Vent connectors serving appliances vented by natural draft shall not be connected into any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure.

WARNING: No solid fuel appliance or fireplace should be installed in a flue common with this heating appliance.

CHIMNEY CONNECTOR

Chimney connectors should be positioned to give the shortest possible run of flue pipe to the chimney. The overall horizontal length of single wall flue piping should not exceed approximately 15 feet. Long runs may require insulated flue pipe such as B-Vent or L-Vent to keep the temperature at base of chimney adequate for draft and to prevent corrosion of piping and connectors. Because the System 2000 boiler uses a power burner, the flue pipe may experience some positive pressure on start up. Energy Kinetics recommends that all pipe joints be sealed with high temperature silicone sealant to ensure passage of all combustion products to the chimney.

Horizontal portions of the venting system shall be properly supported to prevent dips or sagging. Follow vent pipe manufacturer's instructions for proper support of the vent pipe at the intervals specified by the vent pipe manufacturer. Pitch horizontal flue pipe up toward chimney not less than 1/4" per foot.

CHIMNEY VENTING

WARNING: Masonry chimneys must have a tile or metal liner. The liner must:

- 1) Extend above the masonry.
- 2) Have an insulating air gap, isolating the liner from the chimney, allowing for rapid heat-up and draft establishment.
- 3) Be sealed at each joint to prevent air infiltration and damage from condensation.

NOTICE: Inspect Chimney and Chimney base after initial three months of heating season.

The installation of a chimney cap is recommended. The base of the chimney must always have a drop leg below the flue connector to allow scale and condensation to accumulate without blocking the flue pipe.

CAUTION: If drop leg is in excess of 12 inches deep, backfill with loose gravel or sand to obtain a maximum of 12-inch depth. All clean out doors must be sealed to prevent cold air entry into chimney.

In retrofit installations, have chimney thoroughly cleaned. Carefully inspect chimney, base of chimney, and liner prior to installation of System 2000 Boiler.

CAUTION: If liner is not sound or if existing tile liner fails to contain intermittent condensation, or if excessive debris is found at the base of the chimney, then it is recommended to install a properly sized metal liner approved for use with gas heat appliances.

The metal chimney liner diameter and length should be as recommended by the metal chimney liner manufacturer. Corrugated metal liners should be at least 5" diameter for EK-1 and 6" diameter for EK-2. Call Energy Kinetics for details on metal liners.

Chimney connectors should be positioned to create the shortest possible run of flue pipe to the chimney. Energy Kinetics has flexible metal chimney connectors available that are 5' in length and are to be used between the boiler flue collar and the chimney. Chimney connectors are 5" diameter with 5" X 4" adapter for EK1 and 6" diameter for EK2. The overall horizontal length of flue piping should not exceed 15 feet. Long runs or low firing rates may require insulated flue pipe such as L-Vent or All-Fuels to keep the temperature at base of chimney adequate for draft and to prevent corrosion of piping and connectors.

Because the System 2000 boiler uses a power burner, the flue pipe may experience some positive pressure on start up. Energy Kinetics recommends that all pipe joints be sealed with high temperature silicone sealant to ensure passage of all combustion products to the chimney.

Normally, pitch horizontal flue pipe up toward chimney approximately 1/4" per foot. For existing installations, it is permissible for the flue connection of the boiler to be higher than the chimney thimble, provided adequate draft is established.

If a minimum of -0.02" w.c. draft over fire is not present after sufficient burner run time to heat up the chimney, there is a problem that will need to be corrected. Call Energy Kinetics for help resolving draft problems. Under normal circumstances, there is NO need for a DRAFT REGULATOR and one should not be installed. Call Energy Kinetics with questions about flue pipe sizing.

WARNING: No solid fuel appliance or fireplace should be installed in a flue common with this heating appliance. The flue gas exit of the venting system must be at least three (3) feet above the point at which it passes through the roof and at least two (2) feet higher than any portion of a building within 10 feet horizontally of its location.

L-VENT CHIMNEY

Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers at high firing rates may have flue gas temperatures between 470° F and 530° F during normal operation. When flue gas temperatures are below 570° F, Type L gas vent chimney pipe is suitable for use with Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers. Type L gas vent chimney pipe is double walled and may allow smaller chase dimensions than other chimney pipe materials and should be considered for new installations with Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers.

A Type L gas vent system shall extend at least five (5) feet of height above the breech of the boiler.

Refer to the section on Gas Vent Termination in the National Fuel Gas Code to determine Minimum Height from Roof to Lowest Discharge Opening required.

Type L gas vent must be U.L. Listed to U.L. 641. Type L gas vent to be installed and supported in accordance with the vent manufacturer's instructions.

Gas Heat System 2000 boilers and Type L gas vent must be installed in strict compliance with all State and Local Codes and with the regulations of the authorities having jurisdiction, which may differ from and which take precedence over these instructions or the vent manufacturer's instructions.

B-VENT CHIMNEY

Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers at factory default firing rates have flue gas temperatures between 350° F and 450° F during normal operation. Refer to the burner settings table for the default firing rates. Due to the low flue gas temperatures, Type B gas vent chimney pipe is suitable for use with Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers. Type B gas vent chimney pipe is double walled and may require smaller chase dimensions than other chimney pipe materials and should be considered for new installations with Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers.

A Type B gas vent system shall extend at least five (5) feet of height above the breech of the boiler.

Refer to the section on Gas Vent Termination in the National Fuel Gas Code to determine Minimum Height from Roof to Lowest Discharge Opening required.

Type B gas vent must be U.L. Listed to U.L. 441. Type B gas vent to be installed and supported in accordance with the vent manufacturer's instructions.

Gas Heat System 2000 boilers and Type B gas vent must be installed in strict compliance with all State and Local Codes and with the regulations of the authorities having jurisdiction, which may differ from and which take precedence over these instructions or the vent manufacturer's instructions.

SIDEWALL VENTING

- 1. System 2000 Boilers may be installed with Energy Kinetics' sidewall vent kit in accordance with kit instructions.
- 2. **WARNING:** Sidewall vent systems **must** have outside air connected to the air box **and** both air box air intake and vent hood **must** be located on the <u>same side</u> of the structure.
- 3. **NOTICE:** The sidewall vent inducer should be located above the boiler flue outlet, preferably a minimum of four feet vertical distance, which will provide some natural draft to the boiler (and cooling of the burner) in case of a power failure. When installing a sidewall venting system from another manufacturer, ensure that the manufacturer's instructions are followed. Vent manufacturer should confirm that the equipment is suitable for use with System 2000.
- 4. Set the draft at the over fire of the boiler to between -.10" to -.12" w.c. with the burner running, after allowing time for sufficient warm-up. Check/adjust combustion (O₂). Re-check the draft at over fire and adjust draft if necessary.
- 5. To provide power to the sidewall vent, wire the inducer connections to 120V terminals PWR and IND in the junction box relay board and set the Manager Option Switch #2 to the "ON" (down) position. This enables the "Inducer" light and allows the Manager to control the inducer. Refer to Display Manager section for option switch settings and inducer timing details.

VENTING MATERIALS

Gas Heat SYSTEM 2000 Boilers at factory default firing rates generate exiting flue gas temperatures between 350° F and 450° F during normal operation. The Frontier Gas boiler can be safely vented using a variety of venting materials. Venting materials should be listed by a nationally recognized testing agency. Any venting material used must be at least 0.020" thickness. Approved materials include stainless steel, such as 316, 316L, 316Ti or AL 29-4C. For gas only installations, aluminum is also approved. Plastic venting of any type, such as PVC, CPVC, ABS, or PP, is not approved. Plastic pipe may be safely used for air intake piping, but not for venting.

REMOVAL FROM COMMON VENT SYSTEM

When any existing appliance, such as a boiler, is removed from a common venting system, the common venting system is likely to be too large for proper venting of the appliances remaining connected to it. Testing of the remaining venting system must be performed according to the following procedure.

At the time of removal of the existing appliance, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation.

- 1. Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- 2. Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies, which could cause an unsafe condition.
- 3. Insofar as is practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.
- 4. Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously.
- 5. Test for spillage after five minutes of main burner operation. Use a draft gauge or pressure gauge to verify that the vent pipe at the breech of the appliance is under draft (negative pressure) relative to the room.
- 6. Repeat 4) and 5) for each appliance connected to the common venting system, one appliance at a time.

- 7. After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas-burning appliance to their previous condition of use.
- 8. Any improper operation of the common venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CAN/CGA B149, Installation Codes. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in Part 11 of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CAN/CGA B149, Installation Codes.

GAS BURNER MOUNTING

SYSTEM 2000 Boilers are shipped from the factory with the gas burner mounted. The burner flanges are designed to insert the burner head 2-3/8" into the boiler. Energy Kinetics installs a ceramic sleeve, (the amulet), to protect the burner head from the heat of combustion, and then seals the air tube flange joint with a high-grade retort cement.

NOTICE: Gas burners for field installation or for field replacement should be installed according to burner manufacturer instructions, according to installation instructions below, and with consultation from Energy Kinetics for any special considerations or adjustments.

Follow these instructions for field installation of Energy Kinetics supplied burners. Start by checking electrode and flame sense rod position per manufacturer's specifications prior to assembly to unit. Test fit the amulet by inserting the amulet into the boiler opening. If the amulet doesn't easily slide into the boiler, then gently sand the outside diameter of the amulet until it will fit into the boiler opening. Test fit the amulet onto the burner head. The amulet for the Carlin burners has a smooth interior. If the amulet is a tight fit on the burner head, then slightly moisten inside the amulet with water.

Place a 3/8" bead of retort cement onto the burner head at the flange to air tube joint, and slide the (moistened) amulet over the burner head and against the flange. Ensure proper seating of the amulet by pressing the amulet onto the burner with a flat object. Leave the excess retort cement at the amulet to flange joint and the cement will provide an airtight seal of the air tube flange to the boiler face.

The Carlin amulet does not have an edge and when fully seated the amulet will be flush with the front of the Carlin burner head. If needed, trim the front edge of the amulet to be flush with the front of the burner head.

Once the amulet has been seated and trimmed, then install the burner into the boiler by carefully inserting the air tube with amulet into the boiler opening while aligning the burner flange holes with the boiler studs. Install flat washers and nuts onto the boiler studs and tighten all nuts evenly.

GAS BURNER SETTINGS

EK-1 Boilers are shipped from the factory preset for 120,000 Btu/Hr firing rate and EK-2 Boilers are shipped from the factory preset for 200,000 Btu/Hr firing rate. The SYSTEM 2000 Boiler can be fired over a range of firing rates to suit the needs of the application. The following table lists approximate settings for Carlin EZ-Gas burners based on extensive testing.

<u>CAUTION:</u> Final settings for each burner and firing rate for a particular installation **must** be determined by using combustion test equipment and following the instructions given under "Start Up Procedure".

Model	Input		UTL - air tube insertion length	Diffuser					
Š	Btu/Hr	Chi	Sid	Natural Gas	LPG	1 Slot	2 Slot	inches	Dif
	80,000	N	Υ	#8 (0.199)	#25 (0.149)	25		2-3/8"	В
EK-1	100,000	N	Υ	#1 (0.228)	#16 (0.177)	35		2-3/8"	В
꿃	120,000 *	Υ	Υ	C (0.242)	#13 (0.189)	45		2-3/8"	В
	150,000	Υ	Υ	J (0.277)	7/32 (0.219)	60		2-3/8"	В
	175,000	N	Υ	N (0.302)	C (0.0242)		40	2-3/8"	Α
3	200,000 *	Υ	Υ	21/64 (0.328)	17/64 (0.266)		50	2-3/8"	Α
EK-2	225,000	Υ	Υ	T (0.358)	9/32 (0.281)		60	2-3/8"	Α
	250,000	Υ	N	X (0.397)	5/16 (0.312)		70	2-3/8"	Α

^{*} Default Factory Setting

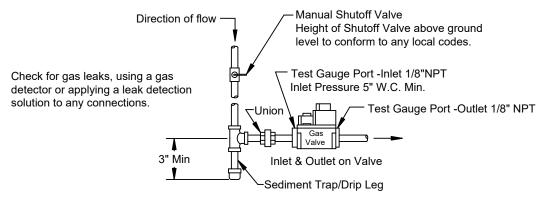
GAS PIPING SYSTEMS

The boiler and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa, 14 in wc).

The boiler must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa, 14 in wc).

A manual shut off valve and a sediment trap must be provided in the gas piping upstream of the electric combination gas valve at the boiler. The boiler and its gas connection must be tested for gas leakage before placing the boiler in operation.

Gas piping must be properly sized in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, or according to state and local codes as applicable. Gas piping must be sized to provide the maximum firing rate gas flow for all appliances in the building. For Natural Gas installations, be sure to verify that the gas meter is properly sized for all appliances. Do not use any service 90° elbows. Use only full port shutoff valves. If in doubt, oversize the piping.



The following tables provide suggested sizing for Black Iron Pipe. Be sure to add the appropriate equivalent length for every fitting and elbow used. For other types of pipe or tubing, consult NFPA 54 or the manufacturer of the pipe or tubing or your gas supplier for pipe sizing information.

For LPG, drawing up to 150,000 Btu/Hr (60 Cubic Feet per Hour). For Natural Gas, drawing up to 150,000 Btu/Hr (140 Cubic Feet per Hour).

Nati	ural Gas	LPG		
Iron Pipe Size Maximum Equivalent Length		Iron Pipe Size	Maximum Equivalent Length	
		1/2 inches	20 feet	
3/4 inches	30 feet	3/4 inches	90 feet	
1 inch	100 feet	1 inch	200 feet	
1-1/4 inches	200 feet	1-1/4 inches	200 feet	

For LPG, drawing up to 250,000 Btu/Hr (100 Cubic Feet per Hour). For Natural Gas, drawing up to 250,000 Btu/Hr (250 Cubic Feet per Hour).

Nat	tural Gas	LP	G
Iron Pipe Size Maximum Equivalent		Iron Pipe Size	Maximum
Length			Equivalent Length
3/4 inches	10 feet	3/4 inches	20 feet
1 inch	40 feet	1 inch	90 feet
1-1/4 inches	150 feet	1-1/4 inches	200 feet

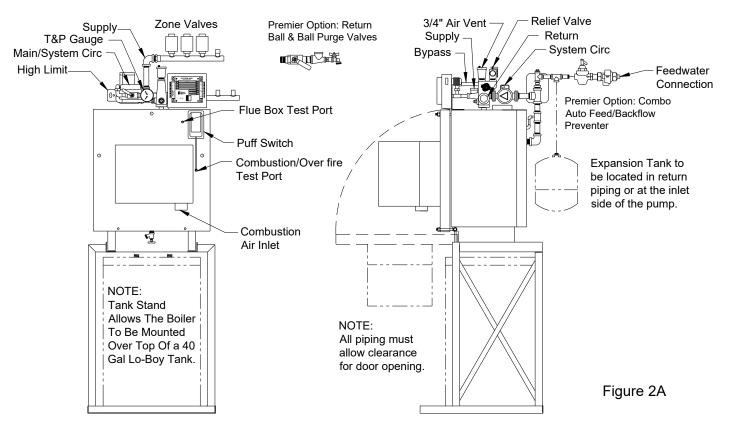
GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Assembly of various packaged units is illustrated throughout this manual. The use of non-Energy Kinetics supplied pump, controls and accessories should follow good practices. The diagrams and locations presented in the manual are recommended. **WARNING:** Boiler shall be installed such that the gas ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) during appliance operation and service (circulator replacement, control replacement, etc.).

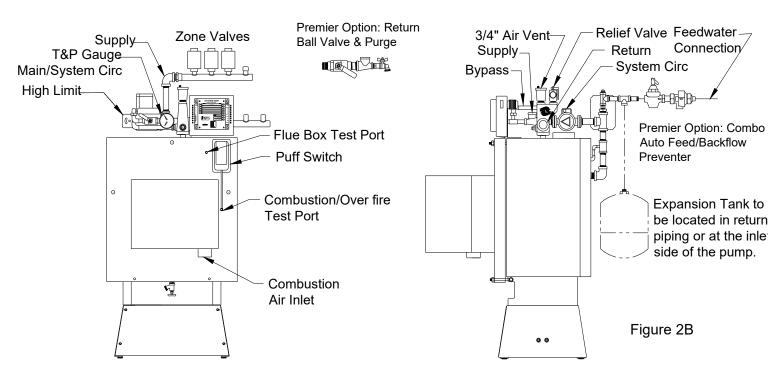
BOILER MOUNTING

BOILER PITCH: The Frontier pressure vessel is manufactured with the rear ½ to 1 bubble higher to allow for proper air removal. This pitch is carefully set at the factory when the boiler is built. Be sure to **level the stand** prior to mounting the boiler on the stand. When the stand is level, the pitch is correct and the back of the boiler will be higher than the front. The EK-1 Frontier is pitched 1/4" and the EK-2 Frontier is pitched 7/16".

BOILER MOUNTING on TANK STAND, Figure 2A: Ensure that the boiler is properly mounted to the stand using the 5/16" hardware provided. Bolts should face up so they cannot interfere with removal of the tank at a later time. Holes in boiler legs must line up with holes in the tank stand.



BOILER MOUNTING on STANDARD BASE, Figure 2B: The back support bar should be mounted to the holes just in front of the 2" slot. Line up the rear holes in the legs with the holes in the back support bar. Two sets of 5/16" x 1-1/2" bolting hardware are provided and are used to secure the boiler to the back support bar.



PIPING SO THE DOOR CAN OPEN: To avoid conflicts with the door opening, piping should be in accordance with **Figures 2A, 2B** or dimension D in **Figure 1B**. The door opens and drops into the notches on the boiler legs. The burner and air box also need clearance when the door opens. Do not locate any piping in front of the tank unless clearance from the door is verified. This also applies to the gas line piping and the combustion air piping. **NOTICE:** Air inlet pipe must be disconnected to allow door to swing down.

PIPING

All piping and accessory connections should follow good practice using approved joint sealants. **Figure 2C** indicates a general system piping arrangement and options. Piping of individual systems may vary from Figures. Supply and return connections are 1"NPT on the EK1 and 1-1/4"NPT on the EK2.

WARNING: A low water cut-off must be field installed if the boiler is installed above radiation level or if required by the authority having jurisdiction. A low water cut-off is available from Energy Kinetics as an option.

Figure 2C indicates a typical flow schematic for boiler water feeding multiple zones.

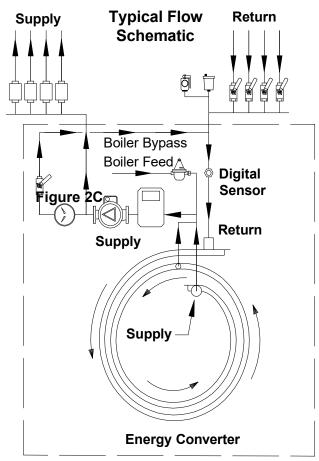
Call Energy Kinetics to obtain piping and wiring instructions for alternate applications, such as hydronic heating, radiant heating, domestic hot water, swimming pool heating, multiple boilers, injection loops, etc.

Figures 2A and 2B indicate general system piping arrangement and options. Piping of individual systems may vary from Figures.

ZONE CONTROL

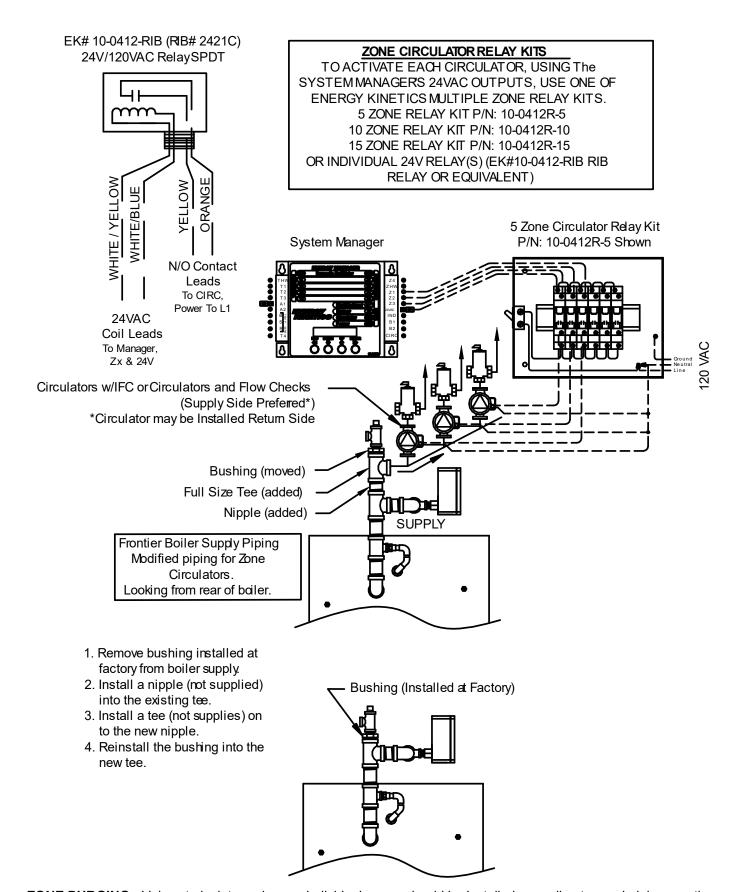
ZONE CONTROL BY VALVE: The SYSTEM 2000 Boiler is designed to provide multi-zone control of the heating system. Energy Kinetics recommends and supplies two wire, full port, 24-volt zone valves for control of each heating zone. A system with a single heating zone still requires a zone valve to provide control for preheat of unit and to maintain minimum temperature during operation.

ZONE CONTROL BY CIRCULATOR: Zone control by circulators requires a flow valve, circulator and 24-volt relay (fan type such as Honeywell R8225B) for each zone. The main circulator, domestic heat exchanger and bypass line are still used in these cases. **NOTICE:** An additional tee must be installed into the supply **on the inlet side** of the main circulator. This tee is the supply for circulators with returns for these zones into normal return location.



Factory piping shown within dashed line

Use Energy Kinetics Smart Thread Sealant P/N 10-0620



ZONE PURGING: Valves to isolate and purge individual zones should be installed according to good piping practices.

EXPANSION TANK SIZING: The type and size of expansion tank depends on the total system water volume. The EK-1 Frontier contains 2-1/2 gallons of water and the EK-2 Frontier contains 4 gallons of water. **NOTICE:** Sizing must consider **cold start** and **hot operation** due to system concepts of energy recovery and rapid heat up.

FILLING WITH WATER, VENTING, and PURGING

When piping is completed and all accessories installed the Converter and piping should be filled with water. The Converter purges itself of air when properly installed. **NOTICE: AIR VENT CAP MUST REMAIN OPEN.** Vent cap should be removed and kept in a safe location. Each zone should be purged until a steady stream of water without air passes out of purge hose. Vent all radiation.

NOTICE: DO NOT START BURNER UNTIL CONVERTER AND SYSTEM ARE FULL OF WATER. Fill to normal cold system pressure, 10 to 12 psi on pressure gauge. Before placing system in operation, carefully check for leaks throughout system. Tighten pipe joints, circulator flanges, check gaskets, etc., as needed.

BOILER WATER TREATMENT

Addition of boiler water treatment is recommended to reduce lime buildup inside the boiler. Energy Kinetics recommends addition of one quart of 8-Way Boiler Treatment per 30 gallons system water. 8-Way Boiler Treatment is recommended to treat water up to medium hardness. Call Energy Kinetics for more details about boiler water treatment and about hard water conditions.

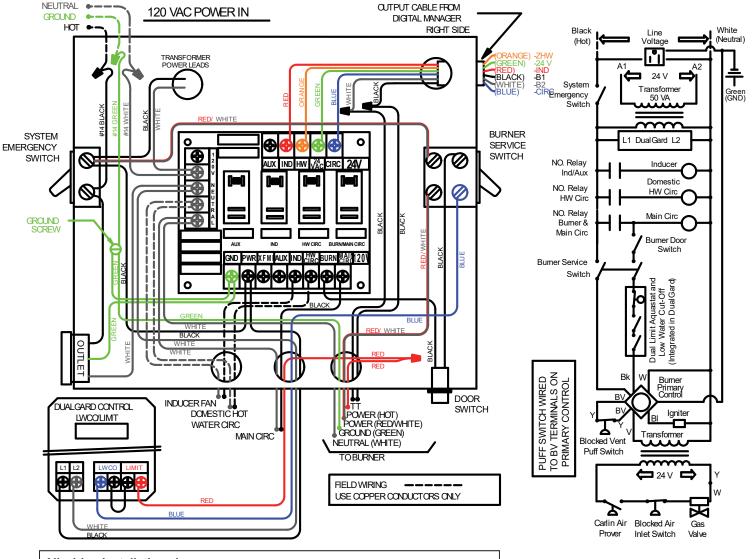
ANTI-FREEZE

Only non-toxic antifreeze (such as Propylene Glycol) should be used if adding anti-freeze to a System 2000 boiler. Hard water should not be used in combination with generic antifreeze. Energy Kinetics supplies a quality inhibited Propylene Glycol anti-freeze with orange dye and an antifoam agent. 8-Way Boiler Treatment can be added to Energy Kinetics anti-freeze and is recommended in areas of medium water hardness. **NOTICE: Thoroughly clean system prior to adding antifreeze.** TSP is recommended for removing flux and other oil based compounds. Once system has been cleaned and flushed, then add antifreeze to obtain approximately a 30% by volume mixture of antifreeze in water. Call Energy Kinetics for assistance in calculating how much anti-freeze to add to system.

WINTERIZING

NOTICE: If the SYSTEM 2000 Boiler may be exposed to freezing temperatures, such as a vacation home shut down for the winter, then anti-freeze should be added to the boiler water. When a home is winterized by draining all domestic water piping, then the SYSTEM 2000 Boiler must be protected. It is not recommended to drain the SYSTEM 2000 Boiler, because introducing air into the boiler can cause rusting inside the boiler shell and also because the Energy Converter has a spiral water passage that cannot be completely drained of water. When draining the domestic water piping system, be sure to drain the domestic side of the plate heat exchanger. If the hydronic system will not be drained, then add enough anti-freeze to protect the entire hydronic system including the boiler, piping, radiation, circulators, etc. If the hydronic system will be drained, then add shut off valves to isolate the boiler and add anti-freeze to the boiler only, as follows. Drain water from the boiler and then add anti-freeze to the boiler. Refill boiler with water and run boiler circulator through the bypass to distribute antifreeze within boiler. Propylene Glycol in water will provide the following freeze protection: 30% down to +8° F, 40% to -8° F, 50% to -27° F. Energy Kinetics recommends using 30% anti-freeze to obtain the best boiler performance. Use over 30% anti-freeze only if lower temperature freeze protection is mandatory.

LINE VOLTAGE WIRING DIAGRAMS



All wiring installations in:

The United States must comply with the NEC, and any local codes. Canada must be done in accordance with the Canadian Electric Code, Part I.

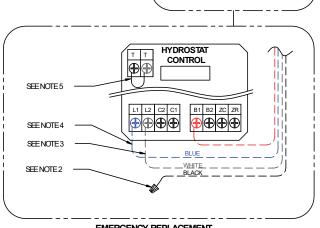
Alternative replacement of DualGard control with Hydrolevel 3250

Instructions for Installing a 3250 Hydrostat in an Emergency to replace a factory installed DualGard on a Frontier or Resolute Boiler

- Disconnect wiring and remove DualGard and Install Hydrostat in its place.
- 2. Cap the Black wire
- 3. Connect the white wire to L2 on Hydrostat
- 3. Connect the Blue wire to L1 on Hydrostat
- 4. Connect the Red wire to B1 on Hydrostat
- 5. Install the jumper to TT on Hydrostat

Settings:

Economy OFF, Low Limit OFF, High Limit ~215° FOR ODR ONLY (Com + OD terminals): Low Limit ~200°, WWSD OFF, ECO to 0.75



FACTORY WIRED DUALGARD

WHITE

 $\oplus \oplus$

DUALGARD CONTROL LWCO/LIMIT

WIRING and CONTROLS

The Frontier Heating System is furnished with controls and basic accessories as illustrated and described in this manual. Control, burner and accessory instruction sheets and system wiring diagrams should be attached to this manual for future reference.

DANGER: All wiring for installations in the United States must comply with the NEC, and any local codes. All wiring for installations in Canada must be done in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code, Part I.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION - LINE VOLTAGE

POWER SUPPLY: 120 VOLT 60 HZ, 7.5 Amperes

DANGER: Make All Connections With Power Off at Main Circuit Box

<u>Caution:</u> Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

System 2000 requires 120 VAC. The supply voltage must be within 108 VAC min / 132 VAC max for reliable operation of the boiler and the Manager. An easy way to check the supply voltage is to plug a voltmeter in at the service outlet located on the side of the system junction box.

Figures 3A and 3B: Connect power from a separate 15 AMP fused circuit. Pigtails are provided for the line voltage power connection. Connect black pigtail to hot, white pigtail to neutral, and the green pigtail to ground. The system switch is included so power can be shut off at the unit for servicing. The boiler must be electrically bonded to ground in accordance with the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction or, in the absence of such requirements, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70 and/or the Canadian Electrical Code Part I, CSA C22.1, Electrical Code.

<u>WARNING:</u> The junction box is wired at the factory with the <u>service outlet always powered</u>, even with the System Emergency Switch turned off. To have the service outlet controlled by the System Emergency Switch, move the service outlet black lead to top lug of system switch.

LOW VOLTAGE WIRING

DIGITAL MANAGER OPERATES ONLY ON 24 VOLT 60 HZ POWER

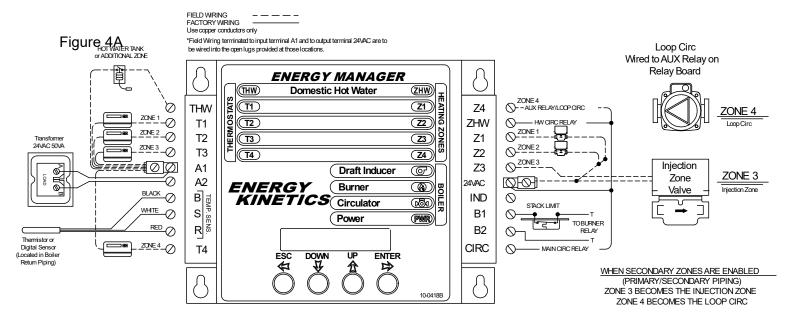
WARNING: Make All Connections With Power Off at Main Circuit Box

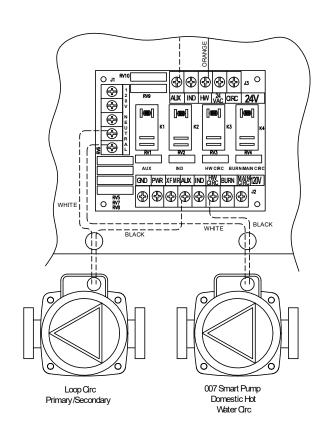
A typical low voltage wiring diagram for the Digital Manager is shown in **Figure 4A**. Thermostats must be located on inside walls away from cold drafts, windows or heat from fireplaces, appliances or sunlight. Set thermostat heat anticipators to 0.1 amps (or "gas" if gas/electric option). Call Energy Kinetics to request alternate low voltage wiring diagrams to handle special situations such as air handler wiring, heat pump wiring, isolation relays for thermostats, and isolation relays for heat motors or circulators, etc.

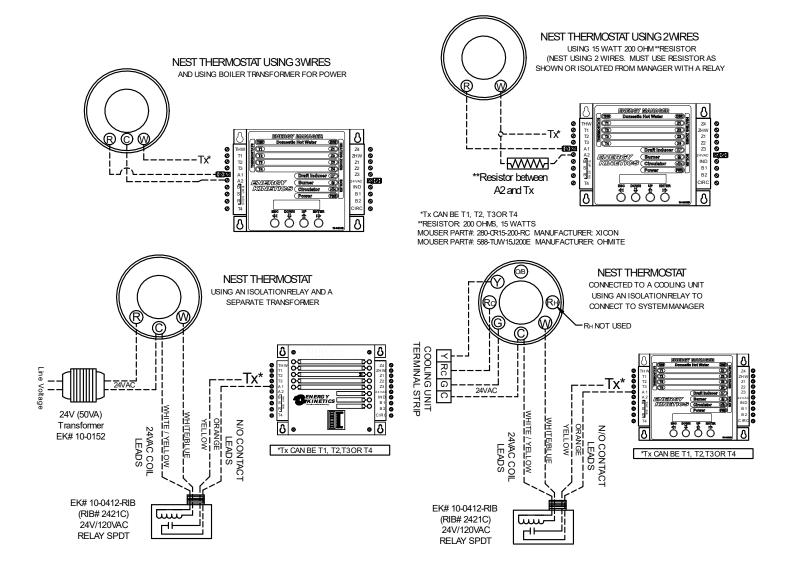
The single 24-volt/50VA transformer is suitable for the Digital Manager and five zone outputs (zone valves or relays). **NOTICE:** Additional load such as extra valves may require greater transformer capacity. To add transformers, wire in parallel as follows: wire terminal "A" on one transformer to "A" on the other. Repeat with other low voltage terminal "B". Be sure to verify 24VAC output from all transformers.

The Digital Manager is designed for up to five heating zones. Use Energy Kinetics supplied zone valves with two wire connections. For more than five heating zones, use Energy Kinetics expanded 10 or 15 zone Digital Manager, or call Energy Kinetics for alternatives.

LOW VOLTAGE WIRING DIAGRAM







Note: Many WiFi thermostats require a common (c) wire, including some Nest models. C on the thermostat can be wired to A2 on the Energy Manager. This, in addition to R on the thermostat being wired to A1 on the Energy Manager will provide the 24 volts needed for the thermostat to operate

INSTALL ENERGY MANAGER

The Energy Manager is shipped in its own protective shipping box. **NOTICE**: The option switches can be set very easily before the Manager is installed. Locate the pre-wired quick connectors fastened to the front of the junction box by two cable ties. Cut the two cable ties and discard. Fasten the Energy Manager to the junction box with the four corner screws. Slide the two quick connectors onto the Energy Manager. Label each zone on the manager, using the adhesive labels supplied.

Five Zone Display Manager

The **Display Manager** is an **Energy Manager** that is equipped with an *LCD display*, and four *pushbutton keys*. With the exception of the Fuel Type (oil/gas) and Venting (chimney/inducer) options, all setup options are selected through *option screens* via the *display* and *keys*. The Fuel Type and Venting options can be viewed, but not set, in the *option screens*. These two options can only be set using the physical dip switches on the bottom of the Manager board.

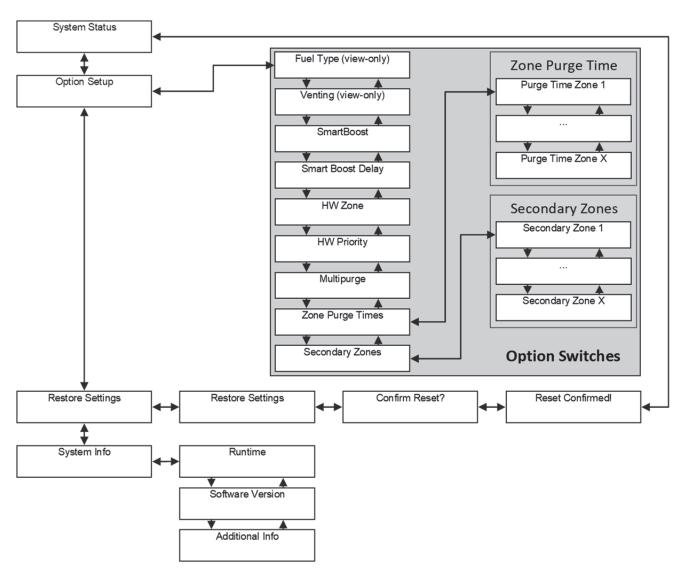
- To access the *option screens*, you must first ensure the manager is powered; if the manager is powered, the blue "PWR" LED will be on. If the blue LED is on, but the screen is not illuminated, press any *key* to wake the *display*.
- Use the UP/DOWN keys to view additional menu screens. Use the ENTER/ESC keys to enter/exit submenus. The ENTER key is also used to change options from the option screens.

How to Use Self-Guided On-Screen Prompts To Edit Options

From the system status screen, press the DOWN key twice, or until the Option Setup (edit-) menu screen is displayed. Press the ENTER key to enter into the option screens. From there, use the UP/DOWN keys to view each option. Use the ENTER key to change the selected option.



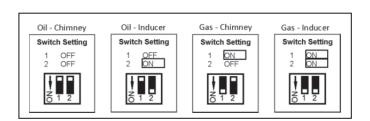
Setting features are self-guided through on-screen prompts



Dip Switch Settings

Set dip switches for Fuel type: Oil or Gas and Vent type: Chimney or Inducer





INSTALLATION TIPS

Dip Switches "OFF"

Display Managers are shipped with both *dip switches* "OFF" (set for an oil system with a chimney).

Burner Restart

Thermostat short cycle protection is 25 seconds

Manager Reset

Shutting the power off momentarily and then back on again resets the manager from the short-cycle delay or a error condition.

Display Manager Option Menu Descriptions

<u>Fuel Type</u> - VIEW-ONLY. Must be set using physical dip switch on bottom of Manager Board This menu can be used to **view** the setting of physical dip switch one, which determines the Fuel Type setting.

<u>Venting</u> - VIEW-ONLY. Must be set using physical dip switch on bottom of Manager Board This menu can be used to **view** the setting of physical dip switch two, which determines the Venting setting.

SmartBoost[™] - Default setting is OFF

This option turns the SmartBoost function ON or OFF. While ON, if a zone has been calling for heat for 25 minutes (optionally 45 minutes), then SmartBoost kicks in to help satisfy that zone sooner by boosting the maximum return temperature to be 190°F/175°F from the standard 170°F/155°F. The boosted zone will stay at the 190°F/175°F setting for up to 25 minutes after the call is satisfied.

SmartBoost[™] Delay - Default setting is 25 Minutes

This option sets the delay to either 25 minute or 45 minutes before SmartBoost raises the maximum return temperature to be 190°F/175°F. This option only impacts boiler operation if SmartBoost is ON.

HW Zone - Default setting is Hot Water

This option will allow the hot water zone to be turned into a heating zone. While this option is set to Heating, the "Hot Water Zone" will act as a heating zone with 20 minutes of thermal purge. This change will allow the hot water zone to become a fifth heating zone, for those cases where domestic hot water isn't required.

HW Priority - Default setting is NO

This option allows the Hot Water Zone to have priority over heating calls for 20 minutes. While this option is set to YES, the Energy Manager will ignore heating calls to the system for the first 20 minutes of a hot water call. After 20 minutes, or when the hot water call is satisfied, the system will resume providing heat to the rest of the zones.

MultiPurge[™] - Default setting is OFF

This option turns the Multipurge function ON or OFF. While ON, any zones finishing in the prior 20 minute period will purge with the last zone satisfied. Setting the Purge Time for a given zone to 5 minutes prevents that zone from multipurging.

Zone Purge Times - Default setting for each zone is 20 Minutes

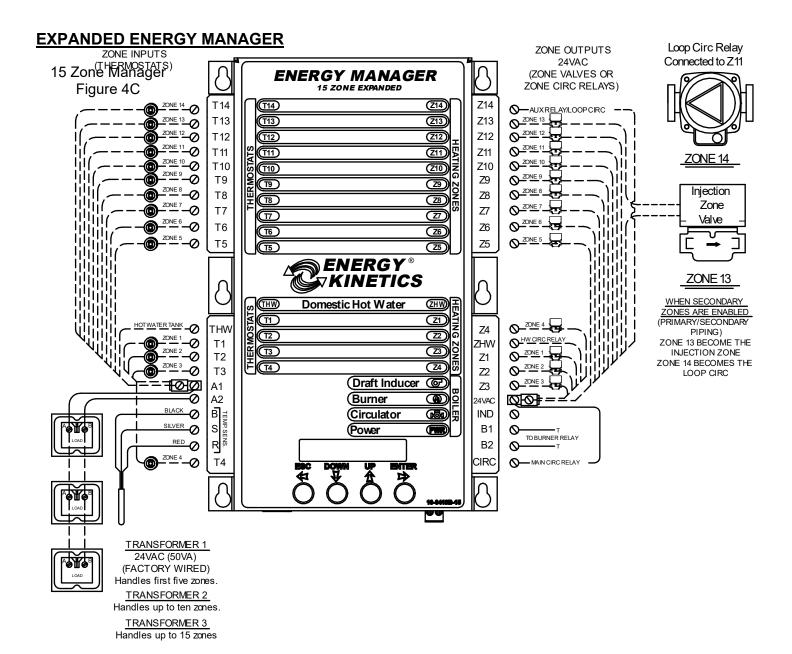
This option sets either a 20 minute or 5 minute purge time for heating zones. After all zone calls have been satisfied, there may still be heat remaining in the boiler. Instead of wasting that remaining heat, the Energy Manager will keep the last calling zone (or zones, if Multipurge is ON) open to allow the heat to be purged out of the boiler and into the system. The user is able to choose to let the boiler purge for either 5 minutes or 20 minutes before closing the zone. Any zone set to 5 minutes will also have Multipurge disabled for that zone. Regardless of the selected option, the Energy Manager will always end purging and close the zone when the return temperature has dropped sufficiently.

The following types of zones are recommended to have a 5 minute purge time.

- AIR HANDLER / FAN COIL
- VERY SMALL ZONE (like an individual bathroom)
- RADIANT ZONE with STORAGE TANK

Secondary Zones - Default setting for each zone is OFF

This option allows for primary/secondary operation. If any secondary zone is enabled, the manager will assume that zone 3 controls the injection zone (IZ) and zone 4 controls the loop circulator (LC). Any zone that gets a call while set as a secondary zone will also activate the IZ and LC, when needed. Thermostats connect to zone 1 (T1) and zone 2 (T2). If the hot water zone is set as a heating zone, the HWZ will also be displayed under the Secondary Zones options.



15 ZONE MANAGER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Remove cover from junction box.
 - Use a free knockout on the top of the junction box to mount a second or third transformer, wire black lead to "XFMR" and white lead to "NEUTRAL" on relay board in box. (Use sections marked "120 VOLTS" only.) A second junction box is not needed for the expanded Energy Manager. Wire additional transformer(s) in parallel with first transformer. To wire in parallel, wire terminal "A" on one transformer to "A" on the other. Repeat with other low voltage terminal "B". Verify 24VAC output from all transformers BEFORE reconnecting the Manager.
- 2. Mount long panel on top of box cover with long screws provided in lower 4 holes with spacers down.
- 3. Mount expanded Energy Manager to cover plate over 4 long screws and 2 wide bolts (top 2 holes).
- 4. Wire the bottom half of expanded manager as 5 zones Energy Manager. For top half, attach one thermostat lead to a zone and the other to A1 on lower half of manager. Attach one lead from zone valve or relay to corresponding zone output and the other lead to 24VAC on lower half.
- Option switches set fuel type (oil or gas) and venting (chimney or power vented).
 See Location of Switches: Figure. 4B.
- 6. **NOTE:** When using secondary zones with 15-zone manager, zone 13 controls injection zone, and zone 14 controls loop circulator.

NOTICE: When operating without an expanded manager, *use a 5 zone service board for the lower half.* If you do not have a service board, refer to "Operation of Boilers without Energy Manager" in the Tech Manual.

HYDRONIC CONTROL SETTINGS

Configuration	Control	Model No.	Normal Setting
Frontier Boiler	Auto Reset High Limit Auto Reset LWCO Manual Reset Lock Out Temp	DualGard Model: 2450-1 Energy Kinetics PN: 10-0596	215° F Auto Reset High Limit 10° F Differential (215°/205° F)* 250° F Manual Reset Fixed Max
Frontier Boiler w/Commercial Kit	Auto Reset High Limit Aquastat Manual Reset LWCO Manual Reset Lock Out Temp	DualGard Model: 2450-2 Energy Kinetics PN: 10-0596-M	215° F Auto Reset High Limit 10° F Differential (215°/205° F)* 250° F Manual Reset Fixed Max
Domestic Hot Water Tank	Tank Aquastat (On Tank)	Energy Kinetics PN: 10-0414	'Hot', pointer points to 6 pm. (To suit individual installation)

^{*} Factory Setting

PREPARE FOR START UP

DANGER: MAKE CERTAIN THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED BEFORE START UP:

- 1. The boiler and piping are completely filled with water.
- 2. Re-check wiring to ensure that it is correct and in accordance with appropriate wiring diagrams and codes.
- 3. Verify that proper gas orifice size is used.
- 4. Verify electrode and flame sense rod settings.
- 5. Verify the burner settings for air band position and head position (see "Gas Burner Settings" Table).
- 6. Gas supply is connected to burner. Gas supply lines and shut-off valves are open.
- 7. Gas lines are purged.
- 8. Verify operating gas pressure at inlet of gas valve.
- 9. Adjust bypass valve on boiler side to heat exchanger ½ way open. See #4 under "Gas Burner Operation".
- 10. Flue pipe properly connected from unit to chimney. All joints are secured and sealed.
- 11. Combustion air supply is available and sufficient. (See "Combustion Air")
- 12. Punch a ¼" sampling hole in flue pipe as near to unit as possible in flue outlet and loosen 1/8" plug in front jacket (to right of burner) for use as the overfire sampling location.

START UP PROCEDURE

Turn on system supply switch and burner supply switch. The Digital Manager lights should come on briefly, the circulator relay should close briefly, and then the Digital Manager should only show one red light next to 'power'.

- 1. Adjust a thermostat to call for heat. Burner and main circulator should come on at the same time. If not, check primary control and reset it if necessary.
- 2. Check for burner light off. If gas piping is not well purged, then several starts may be required to clear air from gas piping.
- 3. On light off, water temperature and chimney temperature will start to rise. A slight odor is common on initial light off as combustion chamber and converter surfaces warm for the first time.
- 4. **NOTICE:** Perform carbon monoxide test immediately after light off. If the carbon monoxide exceeds 400 ppm *air-free* after one minute of operation, shut off boiler immediately and repeat "Prepare for Start Up" checklist. (See "Air-free method of measuring CO")
- 5. Once the boiler heats up and reaches temperature, Digital Manager "Heating" light will signal heat distribution to zone(s) calling for heat.
- 6. Allow system to run about 15 minutes before testing and recording burner operation. (See "Gas Burner Operation")
- 1. **DANGER:** Verify proper operation of high limit aguastat:
 - a. Remove all heat and hot water calls (No input lights on left side of manager).
 - b. Turn System switch off, then remove red sensor lead from the left side quick connect.
 - c. Restore power. "E100 Sensor Err" will be shown on the Energy Manager display, and the burner should start momentarily.
 - d. At approximately 205° F to 215° F, the high limit aquastat should shut off burner.
- 2. **DANGER:** Verify proper operation of the Low Water Cut-Off.

Press and hold the Test/Reset button for 5 seconds (30 seconds for manual reset). The display will read LCO. The red Low Water light should illuminate and the LWC circuit will de-energize.

- 3. **DANGER:** Verify proper operation of boiler pressure relief valve by following instructions on pressure relief valve, which calls for a 'try lever test'. Make sure discharge pipe is properly placed to safely contain discharge and open relief valve using the try lever.
- 4. **NOTICE:** Check that each thermostat operates proper zone.
- 5. **NOTICE:** Bypass valve must be adjusted to raise return water temperature to approximately 130° F. on start up after any zone valve opens. This prevents condensation from occurring in boiler passages. The digital manager provides condensing protection by closing the zone valves when the return drops below 130° F (Check option switches on the Digital Manager and verify that switch one (1) is set to "ON"). The following adjustments will help minimize zone cycling.
 - a. On copper baseboard systems, valve normally should be ½ open.
 - b. On large water volume systems or high heat load systems, where the return temperature from the system is below 130° F, open bypass completely and throttle zone returns to increase bypass flow.
- 6. Verify flame failure lockout of Carlin 60200FR burner control
 - a. Install a hose barb fitting in the combination gas valve outlet pressure tap and connect with a hose to a U-tube manometer.
 - b. Close the main manual gas valve and turn the combination gas valve knob to ON.
 - c. Turn on power to System 2000 boiler and adjust a thermostat to call for heat.
 - d. Burner motor will start. The burner control will run for 30 seconds (pre-purge), and then start the ignitor. Approximately one second later, the combination gas valve will open. (The manometer should show almost no pressure, because the main manual gas valve is closed.)
 - e. After 6 seconds, the burner control will lockout and turn on the red LED. The ignitor will shut off and the gas valve will close. Turn off power and adjust the thermostat to stop the call for heat.
 - f. If lockout does not occur, replace the burner control.
- 7. **WARNING:** Sidewall Vent Safety or Failure Test:
 - a. Remove power from the inducer. (Option switch 2 on a Digital Manager)
 - b. Start burner. Safety lockout should occur in approximately 1 minute.
 - c. Restore power to the inducer.

The AIR-FREE METHOD of MEASURING CO

Air-free measurement of CO takes account of the amount of excess air by incorporating an adjustment to the asmeasured ppm value, thus simulating air-free (oxygen-free) conditions in the combustion gases. To do this, a reading of oxygen (O2) or carbon dioxide (CO2) percentage is taken from the combustion gases along with the as-measured CO reading. This can be done with a meter having the capability of measuring CO and O2 or CO2 percentage, or it can be done with two different meters, one measuring CO ppm and one measuring O2 or CO2 percentage.

If air-free CO is determined with a single meter, an integral electronic chip calculates the air-free level from asmeasured CO ppm and O2 percentage.

If two meters are used, the equations below can be used to determine the air-free level of CO in a combustion gas sample.

For natural gas or LPG, using as-measured CO ppm and O2 percentage:

CO
$$_{AFppm} = \left[\frac{20.9}{20.9 - O_2} \right] \times CO_{ppm}$$

For LPG, using measured CO ppm and CO2 percentage:

$$CO$$
 AFppm = $\left[\frac{14}{CO_2}\right]$ x CO ppm

For natural gas, using measured CO ppm and CO2 percentage:

$$CO Afppm = \left[\frac{12.2}{CO_2}\right] X CO ppm$$

Where:

CO AFppm = Carbon monoxide, air-free ppm

CO ppm = As-measured combustion gas carbon monoxide

O2 = Percentage of oxygen in combustion gas, as a percentage

 CO_2 = Percentage of carbon dioxide in combustion gas, as a percentage.

GAS BURNER OPERATION

NOTICE: For reliable operation, set Air-Fuel mixture conservatively based on installation conditions. Carbon dioxide, Oxygen, and Carbon Monoxide readings should be taken through 1/4" test port in front jacket opening just to right of burner (see FIG. 5A). Sample tube must extend at least six (6) inches into front cover to obtain accurate readings. A test port is provided for the flue box (see FIG. 5A) to measure draft loss.

NOTICE: For accurate efficiency calculations, measure flue gas temperature in flue pipe at flue outlet. Flue box and over fire temperatures may be higher than flue gas temperature measured in the flue pipe.

Note: When Air Box is used, CO₂/O₂ must be checked with <u>air box cover in place</u>.

AFTER 15 MINUTES RUNNING, CHECK AND RECORD:

1.	DRAFT AT OVER FIRE/CHIMNEY	-0.02" to -0.12" w.c.
2.	DRAFT AT OVER FIRE/POWER VENT	-0.10" to -0.12" w.c.
3.	O ₂ Target set point	
	LP Gas	3.5% to 4.5% Max (site dependent)
	Natural Gas	3.5% to 4.5% Max (site dependent)
4.	STACK TEMPERATURE	350° to 450° F
5.	CO TEST	Must be less than 400 ppm air-free

Draft over fire with a chimney should be -0.02" to -0.12" w.c.

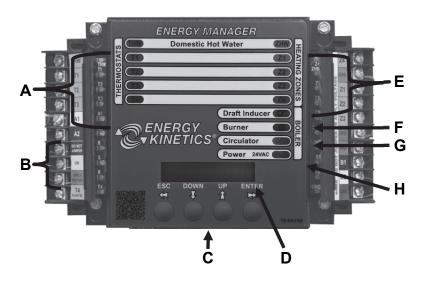
If not, recheck chimney, chimney base and flue pipe for blockage or clean out door openings.

Draft over fire with a power vent (sidewall vent) should be -0.10" to -0.12" w.c.

If not, adjust power vent damper, check power vent fan is turning, or vent blockage.

*Burner operating range is 1.2% to 6.0% O_2 . Running with low levels of excess air may reduce combustion chamber and burner head long term durability without noticeable benefits in annual efficiency.

Energy Manager Operation



WARNING: Do Not Jump!

If you apply 24VAC to any Energy sensor lead with the sensor connected to the Manager, you will burn out both the sensor and the Manager in less than a second.

NOTE: The Manager cannot lockout the primary control on the burner. The E140 error code will usually indicate that a burner lockout has occurred.

Testing Manager Lights: To confirm operation of the Manager lights, turn power off briefly and power up the Manager. On startup, all output lights will turn on for a brief moment and LCD back light is turned on.

A) Thermostat Lights:

Indicate a thermostat calling for heat. If all lights are OFF, the burner will not run because there is no call for heat. T₄ is located on the bottom. SET HEAT ANTICIPATORS FOR 0.1 AMPS. There is a 25 second delay to prevent thermostat short cycling.

B) Return Temperature Thermistor:

Senses return temperature and is required for manager to work properly. If the thermistor has failed, the E100 error code is displayed for the first ten minutes. After ten minutes, the manager switches to and displays E190 error code (Classic Mode). Disconnecting the RED lead will cause the manager to run in these modes also.

C) Option Switches:

Set option switch 1 to **ON** for systems with a gas burner. Set option switch 2 to **ON** for sidewall vent systems.

D) LCD Display:

Displays boiler RETURN temperature, not supply temperature.

- The Manager is the **operating aquastat** and will turn off the burner if **return** temperature reaches 170°F (operating limit).
- The zone outputs will open when the return temperature is above 140°F and close zone outputs when the return temperature drops below 120°F. If a new zone calls when the returns are below 140°F the new zone will not open until the temperature exceeds 140°F (even if other zones are open).
- The boiler will typically take about 2 minutes to reach 140°F from a cold start.

When the Manager is working properly and has found a condition that needs service, the E100, E130, E140, E150 or E190 error codes will be displayed along with a description of what the error code means. See page 27.

E) Heating or Zone Lights:

Indicate 24-volt power from 24VAC to Z_X (Z_{HW} , Z_1 , Z_2 , Z_3 , and Z_4). This provides power to 24-volt zone valves or zone circulator relays. NEVER JUMPER THIS CONNECTION!

F) Inducer Light On:

Indicates 24 volts from IND to 24VAC. This pulls in the 24-volt coil on the inducer relay, providing 120-volts to the power vent. This will only operate with option switch 2 ON.

G) Burner Light On:

Indicates a closed contact between B₁ to B₂. This is wired to T-T on the burner primary control.

H) Circulator Light:

On indicates 24 volts from manager CIRC to manager 24VAC. This pulls in the 24-volt coil on the Burner/Main circulator relay, providing 120-volt power to both the main circulator and the burner.

Energy Manager Check

Troubleshooting

The burner will not run unless there is a call for heat (thermostat call) or a call for domestic hot water (tank aquastat).

Note: Do NOT Jumper Connections or Apply Voltage to Test the Manager.

Follow these simple steps:

- 1. Look at the Manager
- 2. See what it is telling you is supposed to be happening.
- 3. See if it is happening, and if it is not, find out why (see below).
- 4. If you do not find the problem, perform the 2 Minute Energy Manager Diagnostic to check all Manager functions.

These are zone output lights.

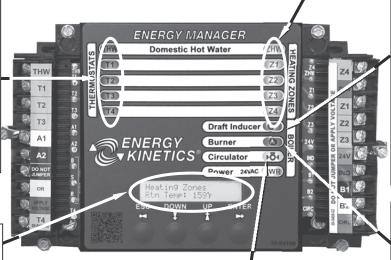
- If the light is ON, the zone valve should be open. For hot water, the bronze circulator should be running.
- If zone valve is not open with the light on, check the zone valve and zone valve wiring. For hot water, check the hot water relay, wiring, and the bronze circulator.

These are the thermostat input lights. These lights indicate when a thermostat is calling and only come on when there is an external connection.

- If the light is not ON, check the thermostat and thermostat wiring.
- If the light is ON, the thermostat is calling.

This is the LCD display.

- If no alerts are present, the display will show the operation mode and the return temperature.
- If an alert is detected, it will be displayed here, along with brief diagnostic or informational details.



INPUT SIDE (Thermostats)

OUTPUT SIDE (Heating Zones)

This is the <u>burner/main circulator</u> output. This light indicates 24 volts is applied to the burner/main circulator relay coil.

- If the light is ON, the main circulator will be running, and the burner primary control should have line voltage.
- If the light is on and the circulator is not running, check the burner/main circulator relay, the circulator, and associated wiring.

This is the <u>power vent</u> <u>inducer</u> output. This light should only operate if dip switch 2 is on.

- If the light is ON, the inducer should be running.
- If the light is on and the inducer is not running, check the inducer, wiring, and inducer relay and wiring.

This is the <u>burner</u> output. This light indicates T-T is made on the burner.

- If the light is ON, the burner should be running.
- If the light is on and the burner is not running, check the burner, limit aquastat, wiring, burner/main circulator relay, and burner service switch.

Remember:

Most 'no heat' problems are <u>not</u> caused by the Manager. and The Manager <u>cannot</u> cause a burner lockout.

Two Minute Energy Manager Diagnostic

Most no-heat problems are not caused by the manager. Perform this test to prove proper manager function.

Do <u>NOT</u> replace the manager if it functions properly in these tests.

Remember, The manager cannot cause a burner lockout.

Step 1:

Make sure you have no thermostat calls (turn thermostats down or disconnect after labeling zones).

Step 2:

Turn Service Switch OFF for 5 seconds.

Turn Service Switch ON while carefully observing the display.

The display should briefly show "Startup Selftest", before changing to show the manager mode and return temperature.

The BLUE power light will remain ON whenever the board is powered.* This proves the following:

- The display works
- The board is able to detect the board type and mode
- The processor is functioning properly

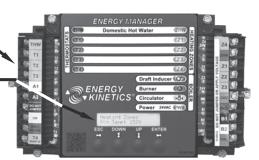
Step 3:

Turn Service Switch OFF for 5 seconds.

Turn Service Switch ON while carefully observing the output lights. The output lights should all turn on for about a second, and then turn OFF. The BLUE power light will remain ON whenever the board is powered.*

This proves the following:

- All the output lights work
- 24 VAC should be present
- The processor is functioning properly (second verification)





*If you observe problems in step 2 or step 3, turn Burner Service Switch OFF, disconnect the right hand (output) quick-connector and repeat steps 1, 2, and 3. If problem persists, call technical support or replace manager. Note malfunction on warranty tag and return manager to Energy Kinetics. If problem goes away, there is a problem with the output wiring – check all wiring, re-connect quick-connector and repeat steps 1, 2 and 3 until problem is resolved.

You're done. The manager is functioning properly. Remember to reset thermostats to original set point, to re-connect wiring connections, connect the quick-connector and to turn the Service Switch ON

Additional Manager Tests

Perform the following tests ONLY if you have any of the following:

Case 1) Zones heating intermittently

Case 2) E140 or E150 displayed WITHOUT a burner lockout

Case 3) E100 or E190 displayed

If you have a burner lockout, troubleshoot as any conventional burner lockout.

Case 1: Zones heating intermittently

<u>Step 1</u>: Have all connected thermostats including hot water aquastat call continuously for at least 10 minutes. Service Switch must be ON. Turn burner switch off to prevent zone overheating and to maintain thermostat calls continuously.

Step 2: Observe thermostat Lights.

- If any thermostat input lights (left side) are not ON, check wiring and thermostats.
- If thermostat input light (left side) is OFF within 10 minutes, and with thermostat call present, thermostat input LED is bad. **Solution:** Move thermostat wire lead and zone valve wire lead to a different zone or replace manager.

Case 2: E140 or E150 alert without burner lockout

- <u>Step 1</u>: Turn service switch OFF and disconnect right hand (output) quick-connector.
- <u>Step 2</u>: Using a multi-meter, check the resistance from B1 to B2 on the manager solder strips. This will be an open circuit (infinite resistance).
- Step 3: Turn service switch ON and start a thermostat call while observing the resistance from B1 to B2. Burner light should come on.
 - If resistance is less than 3 ohms, manager is functioning properly. Look elsewhere for a problem.
 - If resistance is greater than 3 ohms after 3 seconds of operation, B1-B2 contact is bad. Solution: Replace manager.

Case 3: E100 or E190 alert without burner lockout

- <u>Step 1</u>: Check the sensor wiring and quick-connectors to ensure proper contact. To improve contact, remove and squeeze the plastic quick connect at all terminals with flat pliers so the gap just closes.
- Step 2: Replace sensor if no wiring or quick-connector issues are identified.

Display Manager Return Sensor (Thermistor) Testing

The temperature sensor in the return line allows better boiler control, and virtually eliminates condensation caused by cold returns.

The temperature sensor is a thermistor sealed with epoxy inside a stainless steel well. The thermistor communicates continuously with the Manager thousands of times a minute.

The Display Manager is the tester of the display manager thermistor. It verifies that it is connected and working properly, if not, will either say "Sensor Fault, Replace Soon", indicating that one pair is bad or display the E100 or E190 error code.

- The thermistor can be tested with an ohm meter, at room temp (approx. 77F) it should read ~10K Ohms between the black and red wires and between the white and red wires. As long as one pair is good, the manager will read the correct return temperature but display the "Sensor Fault, Replace Soon" message.
- Never connect 24 volts to the black, white or red sensor terminals (labeled <u>B</u>, <u>S</u>, or <u>R</u>.)
- A caution: T4 thermostat input is adjacent to <u>R</u>, the red sensor terminal. When making thermostat connections, never do so with power on.
- Once firm proper connections have been made, power up.

To test the functioning of each output zone, never apply a jumper to the Energy Manager output terminals. The easiest way to test each zone output is to remove the red sensor lead. The Manager should go into Service Board Mode (E100) for 10 minutes, followed by Classic Manager Mode (E190). Adjust each thermostat to call for heat and the corresponding zone should come on if working properly.

Rule #1: Never use a jumper to test the function of the Energy Manager.

Rule #2: Never use a jumper to test the function of the Return Sensor.

Rule #3: Never use a jumper to test the zones outputs.

Rule #4: Only use a jumper from A1 to the thermostat inputs, if you can't reach the thermostats.

Rule #5: Always carry a Service Board with you.

Line Voltage Relays

Remember that behind the Manager is the junction box with the line voltage relays. The line voltage relays are controlled by the Manager.

The burner and circulator power is controlled by one line voltage relay. If both burner and circulator are without power, check the relay.

If the domestic hot water circulator does not have power, check the hot water relay.

If equipped with an inducer and the inducer does not have power, check the inducer relay. Also check to be sure dip switch #2 is turned "on".

Line Voltage

System 2000 requires 120 VAC. The supply voltage must be within 108 VAC min / 132 VAC max for reliable operation of the boiler and the Manager. An easy way to check the supply voltage is to plug a volt meter in at the service outlet located on the system junction box.

Surge Suppression

The Relay Board located in the system junction box is equipped with built-in surge suppression on the 120VAC circuit. Older systems can be retrofitted using a plug-in surge suppressor.

TROUBLESHOOTING with the ENERGY MANAGER

Display Manager Error Codes and Faults

An error code on the display indicates that Display Manager has detected a problem.

- **E100:** Temperature sensor is not working properly. This indicates that the Manager is in service board mode. **Circulator and inducer run constantly**, burner runs off the high limit aquastat. All inputs turn on respective outputs. If the sensor is not detected within ten minutes, the Manager will change to E190 mode.
- **E190:** After ten minutes in E100 mode the Display Manager switches to E190 mode. This indicates that the Manager is operating in Classic Manager Mode. The boiler will operate as **cold start** instead of maintaining temperature as when in service board mode. When a thermostat calls, the system will **pre-heat** for two minutes before opening the zone output and will **post purge** for whatever the zones max purge time is set.

Check Sensor wiring. Check sensor leads for loose connections or damage. If connections and wiring look good, replace the sensor.

If Manager is left in this mode, set Dual Guard high limit to "Service Mode".

- **E130:** Excessive temperature condition. Zones could not extract heat from boiler. *Check zone valves, heat exchanger and boiler circulation. High limit aquastat may not be functioning.*
- **E140:** Boiler is in Freeze Protection Mode, Burner light off, Circulator light on, Heating zone outputs on. This means that the boiler return temperature did not increase enough to open zones within 27 minutes.

Does Primary Control need to be reset?

YES: Troubleshoot as standard burner lockout.

NO: Did homeowner reset control?

YES: Troubleshoot as standard burner lockout.

NO: Reset Manager. Run through standard heat cycle.

Does boiler return heat up properly?

NO: Check circulator. Possible closed or blocked bypass. Look for a zone valve not holding.

YES: Intermittent problem. Check low voltage wiring for tightness from Manager through relay board and cad cell relay to TT. Check line voltage at burner, in and out of cad cell relay. Check LWCO, Check limit aquastat for proper operation. See if burner/main circulator relay is properly plugged in and working properly.

- E150: The return temperature did not reach 100°F after seven minutes. The manager will pulse the output of the calling zone for one minute on and one minute off. If the return increases within 20 minutes, the system will continue to run and supply heat while displaying the E150 code, indicating a boiler side blockage and that the manager is operating in Classic Manager Mode. When a thermostat calls, the system will pre-heat for two minutes before opening the zone output and will post purge for whatever the zone max purge time is set. If after 20 minutes the return does not heat up, the Manager will change to E140 mode.
- **Sensor Fault:** On power-up, or display wake-up, the display will briefly show the message: "**Sensor Fault; Replace Soon**". This indicates that one of the two dual thermistors is giving an invalid reading. Check to ensure that all thermistor leads are securely connected and tightened on the left-hand side quick-connect. If the connections are secure, and the message is still displayed on power-up or display wake-up, the thermistor should be replaced.

TO RESET MANAGER

The Manager can be reset to normal operation by turning the system switch off and back on.

<u>WARNING:</u> Do Not Jump! If you apply 24VAC to any temperature sensor lead with the sensor connected to the Manager, you will burn out both the sensor and the Manager in less than a second.

OPERATION WITHOUT the ENERGY MANAGER

SERVICE BOARD MODE:

The Display Manager can be placed into "E100 (SERVICE BOARD)/E190 (CLASSIC MANAGER MODE)" by turning off the system switch and removing the RED temperature sensor lead from the left side input connector, and turning power back on. Removing the RED lead is similar to inserting the "Service Board". The service board may still be used if desired. E100 (SERVICE BOARD) mode allows the boiler to run like a conventional boiler for the first ten minutes. After which, it will switch to the E190 (CLASSIC MANAGER MODE). In CLASSIC MANAGER MODE, the system will operate as the original "Classic" manager did. The burner will only run during a call for heat, it will "warm up" for 90 seconds before opening the zone(s), and it will post purge to the last zone(s) calling based on time instead of temperature and time.

TEMPORARY OPERATION WITH JUMPERS

(With partially functional Manager still in place and without service board)

If a particular function of the Manager fails, use appropriate jumper action below with Manager in place.

BURNER: Jumper BB or TT on burner control. Burner will run on limit whenever Manager calls circulator. The boiler may overheat slightly during energy recovery. Temporarily reset limit aquastat to 165°/180° F.

MAIN CIRCULATOR: Remove blue CIRC lead from right side and connect to A2 on the left side, using an extension lead. The circulator will run constantly and the burner runs on Manager call.

ZONE/HOT WATER CONTROL: Remove zone valve and thermostat leads for zone. Connect a thermostat lead to A1. Connect a zone valve lead to A2. Wire the remaining thermostat and zone valve leads together. Zone valves will open whenever the Thermostat calls but it will not activate manager. If system is active, zone will receive heat when another calls or run system with high limit aquastat set to 165°/180° F and zone will get heat on call.

IF A RELAY FAILS: Use one of the spare relays such as the AUX relay on the relay board. For example, if the HW relay is bad, move the 24V HW wire over to the 24V AUX terminal. The do the same for the 120V HW CIRC wire to the 120V AUX terminal. If no spare is relays are available on the relay board, temporarily install a relay with 24VAC coil and 120VAC contacts. Contact Energy Kinetics for connection details.

EMERGENCY HEAT WITHOUT ENERGY MANAGER or RELAY BOARD (Temporary Operation Only – 5 minute wiring change)

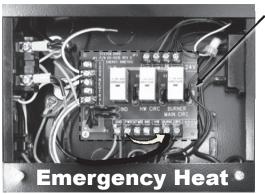
Method A (Heat and Hot Water):

If the relay board is functioning properly, install a Service Board or follow the wiring instructions in the Owner and Installation Manual to run without a manager.

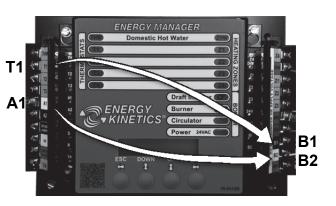
Method B (Heat Only) - Temporarily relocate (3) wires shown by arrows:

) Move the black 120VAC wire from PWR to BURN (shown below).

This will apply power continuously to the main circulator which will circulate water throughout all of the open heating zone valves. The stairway switch may be used to stop the circulator (and inducer if sidewall vented) if desired.







SYSTEM 2000

- 2) Select **one** thermostat that will control when the boiler runs to add heat to the house. Move that representative thermostat (T1, T2, T3, or T4) from the left side of the manager to B1. Move the other wire from that thermostat from A1 to B2. *B1* and *B2* connect internally to TT on the burner.
- 3) Turn down the high limit aquastat to 165°F/180°F and test and confirm proper and safe function. *When returning to service, reset high limit to 205°F/215°F.
- 4) Manually open all desired zone valves and close return valve a bit.

There will not be any condensing protection without the manager; closing the return a bit will help limit condensing of flue gases.

NOTE for sidewall vent systems: Add a 120VAC jumper from BURN to IND. This will run the inducer continuously, so caution should be used in systems without antifreeze.

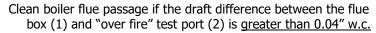
ANNUAL TUNE UP & INSPECTION

Please refer to installation manual and burner manual for complete details and for burners other than EZ-Gas.

Step 1 Initial Test (Draft Loss & CO₂)

Air box cover must be in place before testing

1. Remove 1/8" brass plug from the "over fire" test port (2) next to the burner and the flue box (1) next to the puff switch. Check draft through the "over fire" test port (2) and at the flue box (1). Use a 12" long piece of 1/4" O.D. steel or copper tubing and insert it approximately 8" into the boiler. Connect this tube to your test probe using a piece of hose.



Check CO₂ through the over fire test port (2). Insert the 12" long steel or copper tube approximately 8" in through the test port. Natural: O₂: 3.5% to 4.5% (site dependent) Propane: O₂: 3.5% to 4.5% (site dependent)

CO must be less than 400 ppm air-free



Electronic Analyzer

Step 2 Open Front Cover

Turn off power to system and close main manual gas valve when servicing.

- 1. Loosen, but **DO NOT REMOVE** (2) lower nylock nuts on hinge bolts.
- 2. Remove (3) upper nuts and support cover while opening.



DO NOT remove or touch combustion chamber for inspection or when cleaning boiler!

Step 3 Inspect Flue Passage

If passage is clean, no scale, then proceed to step 5. **Clean ONLY if dirty.**

Step 4 Clean Boiler

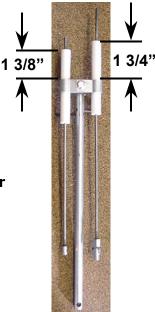
Do Not Touch, Vacuum or Remove Chamber! **Note:** If there is evidence of condensing in last pass:

- 1. Check for cold returns.
- 2. Open by-pass valve fully.
- 3. Verify Digital Manager Option Switch 1 to "ON".
- 4. If condensing persists, increase firing rate.

Step 5 Inspect Diffuser Plate, Sense Rod, and Ignitor

(Refer to burner manual for detailed instructions on removal and for burners other than EZ-Gas)

- 1. Open the front cover and inspect the flame sense rod and ignitor electrode. Neither should be any closer to the diffuser plate than 1/16". Adjust if necessary.
- 2. Clean flame sense rod with scotch brite or similar.
- 3. Check burner diffuser plate.
- 4. If there are ignition issues, pull the drawer assembly and check porcelain condition. Re-install and check/set alignment.



Drawer Assembly

Flame Sense Rod Ignitor Electrode Tip should extend in front of diffuser by 1-1/4". Ignitor Electrode Tip should be set back 1/16" from the inside surface

Diffuser Plate

of diffuser.

Note: All burners require "Amulet" retention head protector.

the inside surface **Step 6** Check Burner

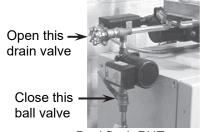
(Refer to burner manual for complete details and for burners other than EZ-Gas)

- 1. Check Fan/Air Inlet for dirt or lint.
- 2. Check amulet for cracking or other physical damage. Replace if necessary. (See amulet replacement section in installation manual).

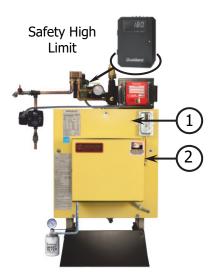
Annual Tune Up & Inspection, Frontier EZ-Gas Boiler







Backflush PHE





Step 7 Close Front Cover

- 1. Clean off stud threads, and then install (3) upper nuts and washers.
- 2. Tighten all (5) nuts uniformly.
- 3. Check and tighten (6) rear cover nuts.
- 4. Check Flue Pipe.
- 5. Check chimney base and clean if necessary.

Step 8 Check Zone Valves

Open/Close zone valves several times to see that they move freely.

Step 9 Backflush Plate Heat Exchanger

- 1. Close the valve underneath the domestic hot water circulator.
- 2. Open drain valve above the circulator to backflush the heat exchanger.
- 3. If domestic water supply is "hard" (lime), consider installing Scale Stopper (Item no. 10-0650).
- 4. Set temperature feeding hot water tank (above heat exchanger) by adjusting the ball valve below the bronze circulator. Adjust the ball valve with the burner running and a continuous flow of hot water from a fixture. You should just be able to hold your hand on the pipe or measure 140°F with a temperature sensor

Step 10 Start Burner & Check Safety Functions.

<u>Check & Record:</u> Air box cover must be in place before testing.

Refer to burner manual for recommended settings.

- 1. Check manifold pressure with the burner running by installing a hose barb fitting in the combination gas valve outlet pressure tap. Adjust valve regulator if necessary so the reading is 3.5"w.c. for either propane or natural gas.
- 2. Draft Loss: A difference of 0.04" or *less* between flue box (1) and "over fire" test port (2).
 - <u>Sidewall Vent:</u> Draft over fire of -0.10" to -0.12"wc after 15 minutes of continuous burner operation.

Chimney: Draft over fire should be -0.02" to -0.12"w.c.).

- 3. Check O₂ at over fire test port (2) Natural: O₂ 3.5% to 4.5% Propane: O₂ 3.5% to 4.5%
- 4. Stack Temp: 350°-450° F. (at stack or flue box port)
- 5. Check CO: 400 ppm Max Air-free (Refer to installation manual for Air-free method of measuring CO).
- 6. Set Safety High Limit to 205°/215° F.

7. Test Safety High Limit Aquastat:

- a. Remove all heat and hot water calls (No input lights on left side of manager).
- Turn System switch off, then remove red sensor lead from the left side quick connect.
- c. Restore power. "E100 Sensor Err" will display on the Energy Manager, and the burner should start momentarily.
- d. At approximately 205° F to 215° F, the high limit aquastat should shut off burner.
- 8. **Test Low Water Cut-Off:** Press and hold the Test/Reset button for 5 seconds (30 seconds for manual reset). The display will read LCO. The red Low Water light should illuminate and the burner circuit (B1 and B2) should de-energize.

9. Verify flame failure lockout of Carlin 60200FR burner control

- a. Connect hose from manometer to hose barb fitting in the combination gas valve outlet pressure tap.
- b. Close the main manual gas valve and turn the combination gas valve knob to ON.
- c. Turn on power to System 2000 boiler and adjust a thermostat to call for heat.
- d. Burner motor will start. The burner control will run for 30 seconds (pre-purge), then start the ignitor. Approximately one second later, the combination gas valve will open. (The manometer should show almost no pressure, because the main manual gas valve is closed.)
- e. After 4 seconds, the burner control will flash fault and say lockout no flame on the lcd display. The ignitor will shut off and the gas valve will close. Turn off power and adjust the thermostat to stop the call for heat.

If lockout does not occur, replace the burner control.

10. Sidewall Vent Only:

- a. Remove power from the inducer. (option switch 2 on a Digital Manager)
- b. Start burner. Safety lock-out should occur in approximately 1 minute.
- c. Restore power to the inducer by turning option switch 2 back on.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

To order replacement parts, specify serial number stamped onto nameplate, part description and number shown under "Replacement Parts" in the next section. Replacement parts are available from any Energy Kinetics authorized Dealer. Contact Energy Kinetics at 908-735-2066 or info@energykinetics.com for names of Dealers in your area.

AMULET REPLACEMENT

It is recommended that a new ceramic sleeve "amulet" be installed each time the air tube is removed from unit. See instructions that come with each amulet. The Frontier amulet is larger than the standard amulet, so be sure to order the proper part number shown in the Assembly Drawing. Using a standard amulet will allow excessive heat back to the front jacket and may damage burner tube.

COMBUSTION CHAMBER REPLACEMENT

The combustion chamber is of high quality material and will normally not need to be replaced. A replacement chamber, if required, is available from Energy Kinetics. The proper part number for the Frontier chamber must be specified when ordering. For interim operation, the unit may be run without a combustion chamber if necessary. Ensure that the burner head is protected by the amulet, wet pack or a similar material.

To install the replacement:

- 1. Open boiler by removing the nuts on the top center, middle left and right of the boiler. Note: Loosen, but do not remove, the two 3/8" nuts on the bottom of the front jacket, the door is hinged upon these bolts. While supporting the door, lower door slowly to the down position.
- 2. Spray chamber with a water mist to minimize disturbance and breakage of chamber material.
- 3. Remove the chamber support and remove chamber by tilting upward and rotating to loosen.
- 4. Locate and inspect the square dimple in the rear insulation board. The lower side of the chamber will insert into this dimple.
- 5. Locate the 4"x2" support molded on the backside of the chamber and coat the 2" sides with refractory cement.
- 6. Insert chamber into the boiler with the exhaust opening in the 3 o'clock position. Chamber outlet must fit behind or alongside the metal tab (supply nipple) in the top rear of the boiler.
- With chamber fully inserted, slightly move the chamber until the chamber outlet is snug against the right side of the boiler. The 4"x2" support on the back of the chamber should fit securely into the dimple on the rear insulation board.
- 8. Re-insert chamber foot to support the front of the chamber.
- 9. Verify that the chamber is centered and ensure that the burner is centered with the chamber when closing the front door. Secure and tighten the three nuts. Also check the two 3/8" nuts on the lower hinge bolts and ensure that they are tight. Do not over tighten; tighten snugly enough to compress the door insulation.
- 10. Confirm proper setup and operation of burner (see "Gas Burner Operation").

<u>WARNING:</u> Ceramic fiber or fiberglass materials, may contain carcinogenic particles (cristobalite) after exposure to heat. Airborne particles from fiberglass or ceramic fiber components have been listed as having potential health effects. Take the following precautions when removing, replacing and handling these items.

Precautionary procedures:

Avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with skin or eyes. Wear long-sleeved, loose-fitting clothing, gloves and eye protection. Use a properly fitted NIOSH certified respirator for dusty activities and where exposure levels are unknown.

Use hand tools whenever possible if cutting or trimming is required. Power tools generate significantly more airborne dust.

Use vacuums with HEPA-filters for clean up. If HEPA-filter vacuum are not feasible, lightly spray fiber materials and work area with a water mist before sweeping or bagging of debris.

Wash exposed skin with soap and water after handling.

Do not use compressed air to clean work clothes or work area.

Wash work clothes separately from other clothing. Rinse washer thoroughly afterwards.

Avoid smoking, eating or drinking while dust is present in the work area.

RATINGS

Boiler Model EK1 Frontier Gas	Burner Input (MBH)	AFUE	Heating Capacity (MBH) ^[1]
EK1F-80	80	88.4	69 ^[2]
EK1F-100	100	87.4	86 ^[3]
EK1F	120	86.4	103 ^[4]
EK1F-150	150	85.0	128 ^[4]

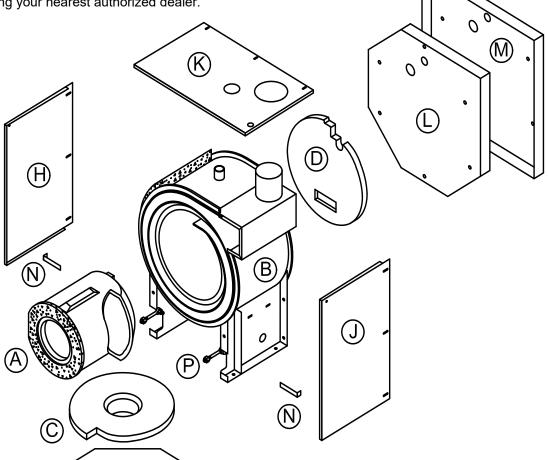
Boiler Model	Burner		Heating Capacity (MBH)	
EK2 Frontier Gas	Input (MBH)	AFUE		
EK2F-175	175	86.7	152 ^[2]	
EK1F	200	86.0	171 ^[2]	
EK1F-225	225	85.2	194 ^[5]	
EK2F-250	250	84.4	210 ^[5]	

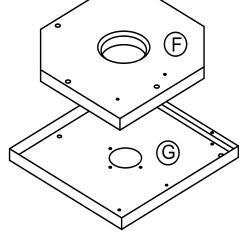
Notes:

- 1. MBH refers to thousands of BTU per hour.
- 2. Based on standard test procedures prescribed by the United States Department of Energy at combustion condition of propane at 2.4% O₂.
- 3. Based on standard test procedures prescribed by the United States Department of Energy at combustion condition of propane at 2.0% O₂.
- 4. Based on standard test procedures prescribed by the United States Department of Energy at combustion condition of propane at 1.5% O2.
- 5. Based on standard test procedures prescribed by the United States Department of Energy at combustion condition of propane at 2.1% O2.

Replacement Parts

Obtain replacement parts from your local Energy Kinetics dealer. Contact Energy Kinetics at 908-735-2066 or www.energykinetics.com for help locating your nearest authorized dealer.





ITEM	EK1 Frontier PART NO.	EK2 Frontier PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
Α	10-0710	10-0810	Combustion Chamber
В	10-0394	10-0395	Energy Converter (Frontier)
С	10-0712	10-0812	Front Chamber Liner
D	10-0713	10-0713	Rear Chamber Liner (PacMan)
F	10-0715	10-0715	Front Insulation Board 2"
G	10-0720	10-0820	Front Cover w/Studs
Н	10-0721	10-0821	Left Jacket
J	10-0722	10-0822	Right Jacket
K	10-0723	10-0823	Top Jacket
L	10-0716	10-0816	Rear Insulation Board 2"
M	10-0724	10-0824	Rear Cover
N	10-0725	10-0725	Side Jacket Clip
Р	10-0726	10-0726	Door Hinge Assembly (ea.)
	10-0717	10-0698	Amulet ceramic sleeve
	10-0416F	10-0435F	Plate Heat Exchanger

COMMON ITEMS AVAILABLE BUT NOT SHOWN

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
10-0418B	Energy Manager (Display)
10-0560	Air Vent, 1/2"
10-0412A	Plug-In Relay
10-0178	Puff Switch
10-0412B	Relay Board inside Junction Box
10-0596	DualGard w/Sensor (well not included)
10-0417T-18	Return Sensor (Thermistor) for use with
	Display Managers

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
10-0438C	0010 Cartridge (EK2 Main Circ – C.I.)
10-0465	Primary Control w/Oil Valve On-Delay
10-0516	Boiler Pressure Relief Valve 30 psi
10-0420	T&P Gauge
10-0150	3/4 Two Wire Zone Valve (Std.)
10-0933	Cartridge for Smart Filter
10-0568F	Taco 007e-ECM, Cast Iron, Flange,
	w/Check

NOTES:		

NOTES:		



LIFETIME LIMITED WARRANTY For Residential Water Boilers

By this Warranty Statement, Energy Kinetics, Inc. of Clinton Township, New Jersey, issues limited warranties subject to terms, conditions, exceptions and exclusions listed below.

These Warranties are issued only to the person or entity which owns the building in which the boiler is installed at the time of original installation and only for such portion of the warranty periods as such person or entity owns such building (hereinafter, the "End User").

I. THREE YEAR - LIMITED WARRANTY FOR RESIDENTIAL WATER BOILERS

Energy Kinetics warrants that its residential heating System 2000, with residential water boiler, Models EK-1 and EK-2, is free from defects in material and workmanship for three years from the date of installation. If any parts are found to be defective in manufacture, Energy Kinetics will repair or replace the defective parts. Exception: Honeywell Zone Valves

II. ADDITIONAL COMPONENT LIMITED WARRANTIES

- 1. Energy Kinetics warrants that its Digital Manager is free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five years from the date of installation. The warranty is extended to the End User for the lifetime of the unit by a manufacturer sponsored rebuild program offered at nominal cost.
- 2. Energy Kinetics hereby assigns to the End User limited warranties of the original manufacture of components supplied by Energy Kinetics to the extent or duration assignable.
- 3. If any such component is found defective, Energy Kinetics' responsibility is solely to repair or replace the defective part at its or the original manufacturer's option.

LIFETIME LIMITED WARRANTY FOR THE PRESSURE VESSEL

During the lifetime of the original owner in the original place of installation, Energy Kinetics warrants that those parts, which comprise the pressure vessel of the residential hot water boiler, remain free of defects in material or workmanship under normal usage.

In the event that such pressure vessel is found to be defective in material or workmanship during the first 10 years, Energy Kinetics will repair or replace the pressure vessel at its option and include a labor allowance per the published schedule. After 10 years, there will be a proportionate charge based upon the time the defective assembly was in service. The proportionate charge will be equal to the appropriate percentage of the trade list price of such pressure vessel at the time the warranty claim is made as determined in the following:

YEAR:	1 st	11 th	12 th	13 th	14 th	15 th	16 th	17 th
			Pe	rcent of Trad	le list Price:			
	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%
YEAR:	18 th	19 th	20 th	21 st	22 nd	23 rd	24 th	25 th
			Pe	rcent of Trad	le list Price:			
	40%	45%	50%	55%	60%	65%	70%	75%

YEAR: 25TH and Above: 75% of Trade list Price

IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND MERCHANTABILITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY-ENERGY KINETICS EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

This Warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have, also, other rights which vary from state to state.

EXCEPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

- 1. The warranty is subject to the condition that the residential boiler must have been installed and serviced in accordance with Energy Kinetics instructions, the basic BOCA Building Code, local statutes and ordinances and accepted good industry practice.
- 2. This warranty does not cover components that are part of the heating system but which were not furnished by Energy Kinetics.
- 3. This warranty does not cover the workmanship of any installer of Energy Kinetics residential water boiler. In addition, it does not assume any liability of any nature for unsatisfactory performance caused by improper installation.
- 4. This warranty does not cover improper burner adjustments, control settings, care or maintenance.
- 5. This warranty does not cover any labor for removal or reinstallation of the alleged defective part, transportation to Energy Kinetics if necessary and other materials necessary to perform the exchange.
- 6. This warranty does not cover failure of the pressure vessel other than defects in material or workmanship and shall specifically exclude any other reason including but not limited to a) lack of water b) freezing c) excessive pressure d) floods e) fire f) acts of God g) corrosion of internal or fireside surfaces h) improper water conditioning l) improper maintenance of external fireside surfaces j) operation with defective fuels or other additives which cause deposits to collect or corrosion to occur in or on the pressure vessel.



LIFETIME LIMITED WARRANTY

(Continued from Previous Page)

7. Systems installed with chimneyless, through the wall venting option may have less than complete or poor combustion which may cause sooty fumes, odors or gradual discoloration of the area near the vent (exhaust) outlet. Poor combustion is generally the result of a burner being out of adjustment for a number of reasons, including but not limited to fuel condition and combustion air supply. Energy Kinetics does not guarantee nor warranty that all times the exhaust contents will be without a trace of soot or odor for reasons described above. Periodic cleaning and repainting of the area around the vent hood may be required if the appearance is objectionable in the view of the end user. Such cleaning or repainting is not the responsibility of the service company, installer or manufacturer.

LIFETIME WARRANTY TRANSFER

By completion of the Warranty Transfer Agreement, the original owner may transfer the warranty to a new owner by payment of a \$75 registration fee.

WARRANTY SERVICE

For prompt warranty service, notify the installer who in turn will notify Energy Kinetics that the purchaser believes there is a defect in material or workmanship covered by this warranty statement.

If within 30 days of the discovery, this action does not produce a prompt response, notify Energy Kinetics, Inc. 51 Molasses Hill Road, Lebanon, NJ 08833, in writing with details to support the warranty claim.

The End User is required to make available for inspection by Energy Kinetics or its representative, the parts claimed to be defective and, if requested by Energy Kinetics, to ship said parts prepaid to Energy Kinetics at the above address for inspection or repair. In addition, the homeowner agrees to make all reasonable efforts to settle any disagreement arising in connection with this claim before resorting to legal remedies in courts. If you have any questions about the coverage of this warranty, contact Energy Kinetics at the above address.

Lifetime Warranty Transfer Agreement

((I/We), the undersigned, as the original purchaser of the **SYSTEM 2000**® home heating system, submitted the *Warranty Registration* within three (3) months of installation of (my/our) **SYSTEM 2000** to Energy Kinetics, Inc., and (I/we) hereby transfer our Lifetime Limited Warranty to the new owner(s) of the home located as noted below and understand a thirty (30) day waiting period applies. Warranty coverage begins on the date of original installation.

SYSTEM 2000 Serial Number:	Date of Original Installation	on:
Name of original purchaser of SYSTEM 2000 :		
	Print or Type full Nam	ne(s)
Located at this street address:		
City: S	tate: Zip:	
TRANSFER TITLE of ENERGY KINETICS' WARRANTY	TO:	
	Print or Ty	pe full Name(s)
New Owner(s) of the SYSTEM 2000 located at the address	noted above. Title to be effe	ctive,
and continues uninterrupted coverage as is left on the origin	nal warranty.	Enter Date
		of Title Transfer
(Example: If the original owner has used 9 years, 3 months warranty transfer begins at 9 years, 3 months and 11 days the back of this agreement or until the new homeowner sell	and continues to the end of th	
Enclosed is a check for \$75.00 to register and maintain the Transfer Agreement to the new homeowner named above.		
Agreed to by the Original Homeowner:	Accepted:	
Agreed to by the Original Homeowner: Original Homeo	wner Signature	New Homeowner Signature
**************************************	lse Only ************************************	******
	ved and Registered	
Confirmation of Transfer mailed to New Homeowner:	By:	Office Personnel